

THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

Volume 18, Number 234

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1919

Price Three Cents

\$35,000 FEDERAL AID FOR HIGHWAY NO. 2

BRITISH ACCEPT AMERICAN PLAN

Indications Now Are That All Large German Warships Will Be Destroyed.

WORKING OUT DETAILS

French and Italian Views May Be Harmonized by Apportioning Some of the Vessels to Those Countries.

Paris, March 7.—The council of the great powers, with Premier Lloyd George back as head of the British delegation, Marshal Foch and the full membership of the war council present, took up the military, naval and aerial terms of German disarmament. Most of the time was given to the naval terms, which were largely settled, with several features still reserved, including the destruction of large German ships.

Premier Lloyd George was disposed to have England take part of these ships, but he yielded this view when shown that it would involve an increased naval building program in the United States.

May Apportion Some Ships. As a result of the British and American view in agreement, and as means of harmonizing the French and Italian views, it is possible that some of these ships will be apportioned to France and Italy, instead of being destroyed.

As the terms for the dismantling of the fortification of Kiel canal were causing some discussion, the council adopted a motion referring the Kiel question to the commission on waterways. The commission will now consider the whole subject, including the American reservations that the action on the Kiel canal shall not be a precedent affecting American canals and waterways capable of being used for strategic purposes.

American Proposal Adopted. The council also adopted the American proposal requiring each commission to submit with its report the specific form of an article to be presented in the peace treaty.

The purpose of this is to give the council the specific terms of a subject, instead of a lengthy report, from which the council may frame terms.

STATE DRY BILL IS ALTERED

Closing Date Left Open Subject to Federal Law.

St. Paul, Mar. 7.—Opposition to the clause in the Minnesota prohibition bill which would make it effective July 1, has resulted in a revision of the bill by the committee on temperance of the house of representatives so that the law would go into effect concurrently with federal prohibition. If passed and signed in this form the state law would go into effect July 1 only on condition that federal prohibition became effective on that date, and would become inactive if federal prohibition was withdrawn before Jan. 16, when the federal constitutional amendment becomes operative.

FOOD PROBLEM IS KNOTTY

Countries of Former Austro-Hungarian Empire Suffering.

Paris, March 7.—The council of the great powers still has before it the question of provisioning the countries of the former Austro-Hungarian empire. As a result of the closing of the Italian frontier on account of the Laibach incident only 800 tons of food now are being sent daily into these countries, although the total needs of their populations is estimated at 300,000 tons. Means to insure their provisioning to the needed extent are being sought by the council.

COXEY ORGANIZING "ARMY"

Autos Will Carry Men to Washington on "Wet" Errand.

New York, March 7.—"General" Jacob Coxey declared he proposed to lead another "army" to Washington as a protest against national prohibition. He has decided, however, he will not go on foot, but will travel in a touring car and motor transportation will be provided for all his cohorts. "General" Coxey, who is at the Waldorf Astoria, said he had discussed the project with businessmen in many cities and "most of them volunteered to enlist in his 'army.'"

CALDER IS AGAINST LEAGUE

New York Senator Announces His Opposition.

Washington, March 7.—Senator Calder of New York, Republican, who did not speak in the Senate on the league of nations, gave out a statement opposing the tentative constitution.

REAR ADMIRAL KNAPP

Will Succeed Sims as Commander in Europe.



Rear Admiral Harry S. Knapp will succeed Vice Admiral W. S. Sims as commander of the American naval forces in European waters when Admiral Sims returns to the United States about the first of April.

MAKES STRONG DENIAL

Belgian Cabinet Officer Deplores Call for Investigation.

Bitterly Resents What He Calls Detestable Slander Against Americans Who Helped.

Paris, March 7.—Emile Franqui, a member of the Belgian cabinet and at one time chairman of the Belgian national relief committee, announced that he had sent the following message to United States Senator William M. Calder at Washington, under date of March 4:

"I am shocked by reports that you have moved an investigation of the statement that some American food was sent to Belgium and northern France in such bad condition that it poisoned my countrymen. How could such lies be received seriously?"

"During four years of the German occupation, I, myself, was head of the organization which co-operated in Belgium with the American relief commission. I have had daily knowledge of the quality, use and effect of the precious food which saved my nation and the lives of the people in the occupied parts of France. I bitterly resent and my countrymen are filled with sorrow that responsible men should lend their ears to detestable slander against Americans who gave us four years of their life, strength and talent."

Graves of Three British Aviators in Shadows of Ancient Cedars of Lebanon



British aviators had a big part in defeating the Turk in the Holy Land. This photograph shows the graves of three airmen who were brought down during the hottest of the fighting. They were buried in the shadow of the ancient cedars of Lebanon.

County, State and Federal Government to Aid in Improving State Highway No. 2 From Brainerd to Mille Lacs County Line

Street Fighting Worse in Berlin Streets

By FRANK J. TAYLOR, (Staff Correspondent, United Press)

Berlin March 7.—Street fighting has broken out with renewed violence here. After the rebels appeared to have been crushed and the radical leaders admitted defeat, the Spartans rallied Thursday, the general strike which almost flickered out seemed to be gaining strength today. Many republican guards were wounded in the street fighting in various parts of the city. The scenes of disorders, however, were still widely scattered.

Some radical chiefs changed their attitude on bolshevism and threaten to develop a revolution which would accomplish what the first Spartacan outbreak failed to accomplish. Government mastery of the situation so evident early Thursday, appeared at the time of cabling to be precarious. The fighting continued as this was filed Thursday night.

Decision to Destroy Submarines Stands

(By United Press)

Paris, March 7.—Naval terms which will be incorporated in the final peace treaty have been thoroughly gone over it was learned. The decision to destroy the German submarines still stands. A decision was reserved with regard to the proposal that the Kiel canal be neutralized.

Get Food to Bohemia and German Austria

By FRED S. FERGUSON, (United Press Staff Correspondent.)

Paris, March 7.—The big five of the peace conference today took up the proposition of sending food into Bohemia and German Austria. The means of getting supplies into these districts which most urgently need them were discussed. The populations of these territories, it is felt, must be kept from going hungry, if the spread of Bolshevism is to be prevented.

Private Ownership of Railroads Advocated

(By United Press)

Washington, March 7.—Private ownership with broad supervisory powers vested in the government is what Senator Cummins, of Iowa, expects as a permanent railroad policy to be enacted by the next congress he said today. Cummins will head the interstate commerce committee which will frame the new railroad law.

STEEL MAGNATES RESPOND

Accept Invitation to Co-Operate in Stabilizing Business.

New York, March 7.—Secretary Redfield's invitation to steel manufacturers to co-operate in stabilizing business was accepted by representatives of the iron and steel industry at their meeting at the Waldorf-Astoria. After a full discussion of the Department of Commerce plan, it was unanimously voted to accept Mr. Redfield's proposal, and a committee appointed with full power to act on the matter.

Ohio Idle Decreasing.

Columbus, Ohio, March 7.—Officials of the United States employment service in Ohio announce that this week's report on unemployment in the state would show improvement over last week. Figures received from community labor boards show 92,000 unemployed, as against 110,000 last week. Most of the unemployment, according to state officials, is in Cleveland and other large industrial centers on account of the cancellation of war contracts, which has caused many in industries to close.

In June, 1918, the commissioners of Crow Wing county applied for federal aid to be used in improving State Road No. 2 between Brainerd and the Mille Lacs county line.

The project received favorable attention due to the fact that it was on a main through state road and was a much needed improvement. Funds were promised as soon as they would be available.

Anticipating that the project would materialize, the commissioners authorized surveys to be made under direction of C. L. Motl, county engineer. These have been under way about a month and are two-thirds completed.

At the March 4th meeting the commissioners instructed the county engineer to take up this matter with the Highway Commissioner, asking for \$35,000 federal aid.

The Highway Commissioner was interviewed over the telephone on March 5th and agreed to set aside the above amount for Crow Wing county to be expended on that part of State Road No. 2 between Brainerd and the Mille Lacs county line as will be agreeable to the county, state and federal authorities.

Construction on this road will start as soon as surveys can be completed, plans drawn and approved, the preliminary requirements met and contracts let. At this time it is not possible to estimate just when the construction might start.

Battle Raged in Berlin Thursday Afternoon

By FRANK J. TAYLOR, (United Press Staff Correspondent.)

A battle raged late Thursday afternoon in the streets around police headquarters which is besieged by the rebels. The government troops who went over to the Spartans fought with the besiegers. Both sides used machine guns. There were heavy casualties.

Drastic Military Terms Will be Imposed on Germany

(By United Press)

Paris, March 7.—Final military terms to be imposed upon Germany probably will be even more drastic than those proposed by the supreme war council, Capt. Andre Tardieu, commissioner of Franco-American relations told the United Press. That while the representatives of the five great powers had practically agreed on naval terms, they had not yet agreed on military terms, because it seems the unanimous desire that they should be even more stringent than the supreme war council proposed. With regard to the question of whether the league of nations covenant shall be included in the peace treaty which Germany will be asked to sign, Tardieu explained that the covenant itself would be first signed by the allies, and later, when admitted to the league by Germany.

Refuse Use of Ships Unless Given Supplies

(By United Press)

Paris, March 7.—The flat refusal of Germany to permit its ships to be used for homeward transportation of American troops unless a food supply to last until the next harvest is first guaranteed by the allies, confronted the peace delegates of the great powers this afternoon.

Demands Immediate Session of Congress

(By United Press)

Minneapolis, March 7.—Will Hays, chairman of the national republican committee today demanded an immediate session of congress be called.

Two Transports Arrive in New York

(By United Press)

New York, March 7.—The transport Mexican with 2500 aero squadron men and the Elceid with casualties arrived today.

Italian General Presenting Valor Medals to Fathers of U. S. Aviators Killed in Italy



Lieutenant De Witt Coleman, Jr., of Tenafly, N. J., and Lieutenant James Bahl of Wooster, O., were in the aerial service of the United States army. Both lost their lives in action in Italy. General Guglielmotti of the Italian Military Mission is seen here presenting to the fathers of these aviator heroes medals for valor bestowed by the Italian government. The presentation was made at the City Hall, New York, in the name of the King of Italy.

QUEEN MARIE

Wife of Roumanian Ruler Arrives in Paris.



Queen Marie of Roumania, accompanied by her daughters, the Princesses Elizabeth, Marie and Ileana, have arrived in Paris. They received a warm welcome.

GATHER NEXT TUESDAY

Director Hines Arranges Conference With Bankers.

Problem of Financing Railways Will Be the Subject Discussed at Meeting.

Washington, March 7.—Director General Hines determined to call a conference of leading bankers and railway corporation representatives in Washington next Tuesday to discuss possible solutions of the problem created by failure of congress to appropriate funds for the railroad administration.

While regarding it as probable that no definite decision will be reached at the conference, officials believed the meeting might result in further negotiations with groups of bankers. Reports reached Washington that several bankers had discussed the advisability of establishing a bankers' pool to lend as much as \$100,000,000 to railroad interests. This plan, however, has not been presented to the railroad administration, it is said.

Regional directors of the railroad administration and a number of federal managers discussed the financial situation faced by railroads at a conference called before the predicament developed.

The directors also went over a draft of the new wage scale for employees of the four leading railway brotherhoods, designed to restore differentials existing before the general wage advance. This will be announced shortly.

Paradox.

Said the facetious observer: "After all there are few things that make a girl's heart warm toward you like ice cream."

BORAH DEMANDS VOTE OF PEOPLE

Three Senators Play League of Nations Plan in Addresses at New York.

AMERICA IS MENACED

Reed of Missouri Declares That Construction of League Is Autocratic and That Americans Have Been Misled.

New York, March 7.—Senators Reed of Missouri, Borah of Idaho, and Thomas of Colorado, in addresses before the Society of Arts and Sciences here, voiced opposition in varying degrees to the league of nations as outlined in the tentative covenant brought home by President Wilson.

Senator Borah declared that "those who have wrecked Europe for 300 years have absolute control of the proposed league of nations," and demanded that the question of America's entry into the league be decided by a plebiscite of the people.

Senator Thomas urged that the formation of a world league be postponed until after the conclusion of peace and that a league plan then be worked out "calmly and in the light of experience gained from the peace settlement."

Senator Reed declared the construction of the league was "essentially autocratic," that the American people had been "misled regarding it and that it was high time patriots aroused themselves to the hidden and sinister purposes of the undertaking."

Calling attention to the fact that the United States would have but one vote in the executive council of the proposed league, while Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan each would have one vote, Senator Borah declared that "if there arose a conflict between European policies and American policies, there would be one Asiatic vote, three European votes and but a single American vote."

"Not Nation League at All." "The power of war or peace," he declared, "would rest with five diplomats, three of them European, sitting behind closed doors."

"It is not a league of nations at all but a league of representatives of certain nations, holding in their hands the power of peace and war without any check by the masses who have to fight."

Article 10, providing that each nation in the league shall guarantee the territorial integrity of all members, he said, was the only clear provision in the constitution. "And I have no doubt who wrote that. It was not the American delegates."

Asserting he had been asked what he would offer in place of the league, he declared he had to offer "The intense nationalism of Washington, of Monroe, of Lincoln, of Theodore Roosevelt."

"America should live her own life" he continued.

MEANS TO FINANCE ROADS

Director General Hines Confers With Eugene Meyer, Jr.

Washington, March 7.—Ways and means of financing railroads without a government appropriation were discussed by Director General Hines and Eugene Meyer, Jr., managing director of the War Finance corporation. They prepared to ascertain to what extent the \$37,000,000 available in the finance corporation's fund might be used as loans to individual railroads, to be paid by the roads to the government on account of advances previously made to them.

SURPLUS STOCK OF COPPER

Producers Will Dispose of Large Government Supply.

Washington, March 7.—A tentative agreement has been reached between copper producers and the war department under which the producers will sell the government's surplus stock at prevailing market prices, charging only the actual cost of selling.

In making this announcement the war department officials said the government's surplus stocks would be distributed within 15 months in connection with producers' stocks.

OFFICERS TO BE REDUCED

About a Score Will Assume Their Former Rank Soon.

Washington, March 7.—Nearly a score of general officers will revert to their rank in the regular army under orders which will become effective within the next few days. Included in the list, it is understood, is Brig. Gen. Samuel T. Ansell, former acting judge advocate general and a prominent figure in the recent controversy over the question of military justice.

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Co-operative observer' record, 6

P. M.—
March 6, maximum 11, minimum 14 below. Reading in evening, 10. Southwest—wind. Cloudy. Trace snow. Precipitation trace.
March 7, minimum during night, 17.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

For Spring Water phone 264
Leonard Parker is a new bellhop at the Ransford

Crystal Spring Water, \$1.00 month.
L. Bourassa, Telephone 13. 541m
The Imgrund Auto Co. sold two Buicks on the range.

For bargains in houses and lots, see J. R. Smith Sleeper Block. 226tf
George W. Putnam of Minneapolis was in the city today.

It is reported flour is about to advance 25c to 40c a barrel.
Earl Jenkins is sick at his home suffering from a severe cold.

While they last, four player rolls for One Dollar. Hall Music House. 232tf

Mrs. E. E. Titus of Nymore is visiting at the home of Frank Titus.

A mass meeting of organized labor will be held Sunday, March 9th, 1919 at 2:30 P. M., at the Trades & Labor hall, to nominate candidates for city office, at the spring election in Brainerd, Minn. It is very important that all union men attend this mass meeting. 234tf

Mrs. W. J. Murphy, son and daughter of Aitkin, were visitors in the city.

ATTENTION FARMERS! Have you any onions? Call 547, Brainerd Fruit Co. 233tf

Mrs. Lester Hitt has returned home from a short visit in Fergus Falls.

Reeko Brothers have sold a number of Dodge cars and are also placing Oldsmobiles.

James R. Smith, real estate man, has been several days in Minneapolis on business matters.

F. W. Woolworth Co. 40th Anniversary Sale all next week. Souvenir book free. 232tf-11tfw

Miss Helen Sykora is the new cashier at the Model Market, having succeeded Miss Genevieve McCabe.

Mrs. I. C. Overley of Granite Falls, Wash., is visiting at the home of her parents, arriving in the city Thursday.

Dance at Finnish hall Saturday night, March 8th. Music by Blue Ribbon Orchestra. 233:3p

John Smith returned this morning from Brainerd where he had been visiting relatives.—Little Falls Transcript.

A chimney fire at the home of Dr. Joseph Nicholson, 324 North Broadway, was quickly extinguished by the fire department.

Mrs. R. D. Warner, 23 Bluff Ave., underwent a successful operation.

BROCKMAN FUR FACTORY

Furs Made to Order and Repaired

712 Front Street Brainerd, Minn.

yesterday and is getting along as nicely as can be expected.

R. D. Stitzel, head of the Brainerd Commercial College, has returned from Waterloo, Iowa, where he was called by the sickness of his mother.

Three fine cakes for your Sunday dinner: Wild Rose, English Lunch Cake, Toasted Coconut Cake. Erickson Bros. Bakery. 234tf

Mayor R. A. Beise, chairman of the Republican congressional committee and Frank G. Hall of the Brainerd Tribune, local oil inspector, and chairman of the county committee, have gone to St. Paul to attend the Republican rally.

Ask your grocer for "Occident Flour." Costs more—worth it. 232tf

Fred Fogel, twenty-five years ago employed by the Howe Lumber Co. in Brainerd and now located in East Grand Forks is in the city visiting. He is employed by the Robertson Lumber Co. Mr. Fogel has land interests in Aitkin county.

Insist on having Occident Flour. None better. Ask your grocer for it. 232tf

The first ward citizens will meet tonight in the council rooms of the city hall and discuss the waterworks proposition. The Water and Light board will have speakers and data to explain the local situation and the need for voting yes on the bond issue.

Occident Flour costs a little more than other flours. It is made for those people who care enough about bread to notice the difference in different kinds. 232tf

Dispatch want ads continue to record achievements in the recovery of lost articles. Woman lost her purse and quickly found it by using a want ad. Another lady rented some rooms by the use of a want ad run two days. Lady advertised to have three trees chopped down and ten men responded. Handy man wanted at the Ransford brought so many responses that Manager Ernest Butler stooped the ad after running it only one time.

SCHOOL BOARDS, RURAL TEACHERS

Have Session Friday at the Chamber of Commerce. Listen to the Addresses Made

STATE OFFICIALS ARE HERE

J. M. McConnell, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, Spoke of Consolidated Schools

Rural school board officers and rural teachers, close to 200 in the aggregate, heard addresses and took part in a round table discussion at the Chamber of Commerce Friday, meeting at the call of the County Superintendent of Schools Mrs. Irma Camp Hartley.

J. M. McConnell, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, spoke on the value of consolidated schools.

J. M. Cesander, his assistant, also spoke. Problems of teaching, of retaining the attention of pupils, of inculcating knowledge, were considered.

H. P. Michael, head of the War Savings Stamps campaign in the county, spoke briefly.

The crowd in the Chamber filled the main room and extended into the billiard room. Some of the speakers were masters of their subjects, but their voices had poor carrying power and teachers and others in rear seats missed many of the good points brought out by not being able to hear the speaker.

On Saturday the Teachers' association meets at the high school and will hold its election of officers.

FUNERAL ON SATURDAY

Services Over Remains of Mrs. F. M. Hagberg at Presbyterian Church

The funeral services for Mrs. F. M. Hagberg will be held in the Presbyterian church tomorrow at 2 o'clock. Rev. W. J. Lowrie will have charge. It was originally planned to hold this service at 2:30 but this has been changed to the hour mentioned.

Mrs. Bloomquist, a sister, and Conrad Peterson, a brother of the deceased, are expected to arrive in the city this evening on the midnight train. Some of the far distant relatives will not be able to come.

The pall bearers who will serve tomorrow are as follows: Carl Adams, G. W. Chadbourne, J. E. Brady, P. A. Johnson, Ray Payne and Ben Armstrong.

Expressions of sympathy are voiced on every hand for the bereaved family. The circumstances of death were exceptionally sad, the husband and daughter were afflicted with the same sickness and lay in adjoining rooms yet neither had strength to answer her last call for their presence.

The nurses who are attending them report that both are now out of danger and it is hoped they will soon be restored to health.



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WETS DOUBLE VOTE IN YEAR

Vermont Elections Show Big Increase in Licenses.

Montpelier, Vt., March 7.—Revision of the votes cast in town and city elections in Vermont on the license question showed the number of communities voting for licenses was more than double that of last year. Twenty-five cities and towns sent in returns showing that they had favored a license policy, as against eleven last year.

Changes from no license to license were made in Burlington, Montpelier, St. Albans City, St. Johnsbury, Northfield, Roxbury, Mount Tabor, Benson, Hubbardston, Danby, Fairfax, High Gate, Swanton, Hartford and Wardsboro. No changes from license to no license were reported.

BISHOPS SAIL TO SEE POPE

Episcopal Prelates Seek Aid in Forming World Union.

Baltimore, March 7.—Three bishops of the Protestant Episcopal church have sailed from New York on the Aquitania on their way to Rome, where they will wait on Pope Benedict at the Vatican and solicit his co-operation in the movement for a union of the churches of the world.

It will be the first time since the reign of Henry VIII that Anglican bishops have gone on an official mission to the head of the Roman Catholic church.

DAILY MARKET REPORT

Minneapolis Grain.
Minneapolis, March 7.—Oats, May, 60c; Rye, May, \$1.46 1/2; Barley choice, \$1.94c; corn, No. 2, white, \$1.25@1.26; No. 3 yellow, \$1.29@1.30.

Duluth Flour.
Duluth, March 7.—Flaxseed, May, \$3.70; July, \$3.55.

Chicago Grain.
Chicago, March 7.—Corn, March, \$1.36 1/2; May, \$1.30 1/2; July, \$1.26 1/2. Oats, March, 59 1/2c; May, 61 1/2c; July, 60 1/2c.

South St. Paul Live Stock.
South St. Paul, March 7.—Estimated receipts at the Union Stock Yards: Cattle, 3,100; calves, 1,400; hogs, 14,000; sheep, 4,000; horses, 1; cars, 336. Steers, \$8@16.50; cows, \$7@11; calves, \$7.25@16.25; hogs, \$17.40@17.60; sheep and lambs, \$8@18.75.

Chicago Live Stock.
Chicago, March 7.—U. S. Bureau of Markets: Hogs—Receipts, 21,000; bulk of sales, \$18.10@18.45; butchers, \$18.15@18.35; light, \$17.65@18.25; packing, \$17.25@18.15; throwouts, \$16.75@17.25; pigs, good to choice, \$15.75@16.25. Cattle—Receipts, 6,000; beef cattle, good, choice and prime, \$13.50@20; common and medium, \$10.50@16.50; butcher stock, cows and heifers, \$7.50@13.50; canners and cutters, \$5.75@7.50.

Minneapolis Butter, Eggs and Poultry.
Minneapolis, March 7.—BUTTER—Extras, 50c; extra firsts, 50c; firsts, 49c; seconds, 48c; dairies, 38c; packing stock, 33c.

EGGS — Fresh, prime firsts, new cases, free from rots, small, dirties and checks out, per doz, 38c; current receipts, rots out, \$11.10; checks and seconds, doz, 32c; dirties, candied, doz, 32c; quotations on eggs include cases. LIVE POULTRY—Turkeys, fat, 10 lbs and over, 28c; thin, small, cripples and culls, unsalable; stags and cocks, 20c; ducks, 23c; geese, lb, 20c; hens, 4 lbs and over, 27c; under 4 lbs, 23c; springs, young, smooth, 25c; guineas, doz, \$6.

New York Butter and Eggs.
New York, March 7.—Butter advanced 1c. Boatmen's strike is playing havoc with deliveries and fancy butter is scarce and wanted. Buyers paying almost any price to fill orders. Market excited.

Eggs also a cent higher. Arrivals appear liberal, but the available supply is small. The whole harbor is tied up and sellers control the situation.

Southern to Open April 24.

Memphis, Tenn., March 7.—The Southern association season will open April 24 and close Sept. 7, according to a tentative schedule completed by the league's schedule committee. A total of 140 games will be played.

Granted Divorce Decree.
White Plains, N. Y., March 7.—A final decree of divorce in favor of Mrs. Douglas Fairbanks, wife of the motion picture actor, was signed by State Supreme Court Justice Young.

Doesn't Need Leap Years.

The right kind of girl doesn't need leap year in her business.—Montreal Star.

YANKEE FORCE INTERVENES

Stops Clash Between Jugo-Slavs and Italians.

Washington, March 7.—American forces in the Adriatic have intervened in a clash between Jugo-Slavs and Italians at Spalato, according to Rome diplomatic circles.

Croatian soldiers attacked members of an Italian mission headed by the admiral, it was said, when the mission came ashore from a battleship to address a gathering of Italian citizens.

The admiral appealed to the Americans in the port to avoid bloodshed, he believed would have followed the landing of an Italian relief force, the advices stated.

The Americans are declared by the Rome cable to have protected the return of the Italian mission to its ship and to have forced the Croats to board the vessel and apologize for the attack.

TANKS IN LOAN CAMPAIGN

To Be used to Carry Orators in Next Drive.

Washington, March 7.—More than 200 fast American fighting tanks have been lent by the war department to the Liberty Loan organization to be sent scurrying over city streets and country roads during the Victory Loan campaign as advertising features. Between 12 and 29 will be assigned to each Federal Reserve district, to be routed by district managers. Each of the five-ton tanks, managed by two soldiers and armed with machine guns, will carry loan orators in addition. Most of these machines were in this country when the armistice was signed.

Whiteman Sold to Toronto Club.
Boston, March 7.—The sale of George Whiteman, the outfielder who was the star of the last world's series, to the Toronto club of the International league, was announced by Manager Barrow of the Boston Americans. Whiteman came to Boston from Toronto two years ago.

332,000 Roumanians Died in War.
Paris, March 7.—The Roumanian press bureau announces that 332,000 Roumanian combatants in the war were killed or died from wounds.

In a Restaurant.
"Walter, bring me a glass of water. I want to strengthen this soup."

McKibbin hats



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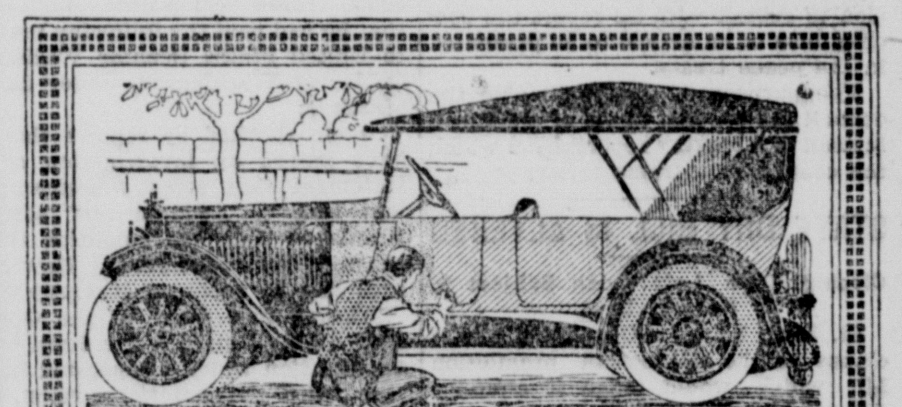
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A. C. Mraz, Ass't Cashier

WOMAN'S REALM

STAGE ARTISTS
NAMED FOR PLAY

Mrs. George F. Murphy and Miss Caroline Morrison to Assist in "Elopement of Ellen"

ST. PATRICK'S DAY PLAY MAR. 17

Assistants Will be Misses Hazel Robinson, Mildred O'Brien, Irene Quinn, Geraldine Kiebler

Mrs. George F. Murphy and Miss Caroline Morrison have been appointed by Miss Marie Clark as stage artists for the St. Patrick's day play, "The Elopement of Ellen."

Both ladies are widely known for their keen sense of the artistic. The play opens a broad field for such work, so from a point of beauty and proportion alone the comedy will be well worth attending.

The Misses Hazel Robinson, Mildred O'Brien, Irene Quinn and Geraldine Kiebler are to be the capable assistants.

It may of interest to the public to know that the "Elopement of Ellen" was made a tremendous success as a local talent show in Minneapolis not long ago under the direction of Miss Maude Moore, a prominent dramatist of that city.

Tickets are now on sale at Dunn's drug store.

At the Best Today

Tom Moore makes his third appearance as a star in Goldwyn Pictures at the Best theatre today in "Go West, Young Man" by Willard Mack. Chosen carefully to present him to his admirers in a new guise, there seems little doubt that he will surprise and please them in the story of a scion of wealth who quarrels with his father and starts out to see the world. It is not from the window of a parlor car that Dick Latham does this, but from the "blind baggage" of a freight train in company with a crowd of hoboes.

In a far Western town his real adventures begin, however, the first of which is when the office of sheriff is thrust upon him by a scheming politician who plans to use Dick as a tool to mask his own nefarious doings. The actions of the tenderfoot sheriff constitute the most amusing moments of "Go West, Young Man."

But Dick is as true to himself as he is to the responsibilities of his new job and when the time comes he refuses to heed the warning sent him by one of the men associated with his supposed patron. Instead, Dick becomes a real reformer, cleaning up the town, seeing to it that a certain girl, whom he wins for his own, is not done out of her property.

Bridge Parties

Mrs. W. S. McClenahan and Mrs. George Whitney entertained at bridge Monday afternoon at the home of the former on Bluff avenue. There were five tables, and the prize was taken by Mrs. Jay O'Brien. They also entertained a bridge party Tuesday afternoon at the McClenahan home, and there were five tables, Mrs. Wm. L. Taylor winning the prize.

KIMBALL
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PRE-EMINENT in the home—more than 300,000 in use.

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PERFECT in tone and action. POPULARLY endorsed for durability.

PLEASING variety in case design.

The KIMBALL is manufactured in all its parts in the factories of the W. W. Kimball Company—hence is safely guaranteed.

Easy Terms

Liberty Bonds Taken at Par.

Hall Music Co.

Phone 1161 710 Laurel

For Mrs. Burfeind
Mrs. Louis Hohman entertained this afternoon in honor of Mrs. Burfeind of Lake City, mother of Mrs. Russell Cass.

Bethlehem Evangelical Church
(Cor. Main and Bluff)

Lenten services will be held this evening at 7:30 P. M., text, Luke 23, 34, "The first word from the cross." Come, you will be heartily welcomed. J. H. Bunge, pastor.

"Merry Ramblers"

The ladies of Trommald have organized a social club to be known as the "Merry Ramblers." The officers are Mrs. L. B. Cunningham, president; Mrs. L. W. Merritt, secretary; Mrs. Leo Frazer, treasurer.

Miss Kronberg Entertained

Miss Mae Belle Kronberg entertained at dinner Saturday at her home, her guests being friends who motored from Ironton, the Misses Leona Toben and Marjorie Nash and Messrs. Rose, Zwet and Thrall.

For Miss MacDonald

Miss Jeanette McDonald, a clerk in the O'Brien Mercantile Co. store, was entertained at dinner at the Ransford hotel Sunday evening by nine girls employed in the store. She was given a handsome present. Miss McDonald leaves Monday to take a position in a store at Billings, Montana.

Miss Morken Entertains

Miss Violet Morken of North 9th street on March 5, entertained at her home a number of girl friends, the occasion being her birthday. A six o'clock supper was served by Mrs. Morken. The evening was spent in playing games and music. Miss Marken received many beautiful gifts. All had a pleasant time.

Surprise Party

Miss Fowler of the Lincoln school was surprised on Thursday evening by the girls of the B-8th grade. The following were present: Miss Foley, Myrtle Hostager, Daisy Backen, Ethel Johnson, Marion Hall, Hazel Kuehmichel, Jennie Hanson, Silvie Holst, Elizabeth Carlson, Ida Fredstrom, Jewell Weber and Anna Tollefson. The evening was spent in playing games and music, after which a dainty lunch was served.

At the Best Tomorrow

While she appears in a considerable portion of her new Paramount picture, "Quicksand," as a cabaret singer, Dorothy Dalton, the beautiful Thomas H. Ince star, is in reality cast for the role of a devoted wife, who only adapts this character in order to support herself and to strive for some means of learning the truth concerning her husband who is falsely accused of crime.

Engagement Announced

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Katherine Bruhn of Minneapolis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Bruhn of Brainerd, to Mr. Roy E. Gilhouse, traveling auditor of the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie railway.

The bride to be is well known in Brainerd, where she spent her girlhood. The wedding is to take place in May. After a trip to the Pacific coast, the young couple will locate at Detroit, Minn., that being the center of Mr. Gilhouse's territory.

Young Peoples Society

The Young Peoples society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet tonight at the church parlors at 8 o'clock and will be entertained by Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Swanson.

The following program will be rendered.

Vocal solo.....Ethel Thomas
Piano Duet.....
.....Elsie Hedlund, Jennie Carlson
Recitation.....Mrs. Chas. Koskinen
Violin solo.....Fern Hitt
Vocal duet.....
.....Esther Fogelstrom, John Bye

BOHEMIANS FIGHT GERMANS

Teutons Try to Elect Delegates to Austrian Assembly.

Vienna, March 7.—There have been sanguinary engagements between Czech soldiers and citizens in numerous towns in German Bohemia, according to reports received here.

The trouble started when the Germans started to hold elections for the Austrian national assembly in Vienna, which the Czech government prohibited because Bohemia is Czech territory. The Germans organized many manifestations against Czech rule and the Czechs used rifles and bayonets in suppressing the demonstrations.

OUR WANT ADS.
WORK WONDERS

No. 1—Cartwheel hat with crown of black satin and brim of straw slightly rolled up on itself back and front. It is trimmed with an immense bunch of paradise.

No. 2—Palestine turban of copper-colored tulle with a jeweled sword run through the front. The material is wrapped around the head and worn low over the eyes.

No. 3—Street turban of French blue taffeta with a wide bandeau of black straw. Alsatian bow of taffeta at side.

No. 4—Restaurant hat of chestnut-colored tulle gathered to a wire edge at the brim. It is trimmed with a rococo rose with gilded leaves.

HATS THAT START
SPRING FASHIONS

Headgear Styles Made Up of
Fads of Long Ago.

BOBBED HAIR FOR ALL AGES

Florentine Coiffure Is No Longer a
Caprice of the Extremists—Mil-
liners Decide They Must
Meet the New Demand.

New York.—Yankee Doodle, who stuck a feather in his cap and called it "macaroni," thereby creating a slang word for a gayly dressed man which has gone over two continents and lived in history, could not have felt prouder than the French king who put a piece of straw over his head to keep away the rain, and created hats.

Both the feather and the straw were trivial incidents in the life of each of these characters (for the satire on Yankee Doodle was rhymed around a man), but they were the foundation stones of millinery.

Women have always pilfered from men their tricks of apparel, asserts a fashion writer. They are snag little thieves, women, when it comes to petty pilfering from those who consider themselves superior beings. After all, it is a form of coquetry, and women discovered centuries ago that nothing so pleased a man as to do what he did, say what he said, and hold on to his hand socially, financially, politically and mentally. A woman might hate another woman for stealing her fashions, but a man would only look with more prideful adoration upon a woman who fashioned her clothes after his.

Nothing so delighted the French kings, the great and haughty Bourbons, as the fact that their women did what they did in clothes. They gave them their magnificent brocade coats with the full skirts, the knee-length waistcoats, the precious lace ruffles and the silver and diamond buttons as a guide to their apparel. They allowed them to borrow their coiffures in order to have their hair perfumed, powdered and curled. They saw themselves reflected, as in mirrors, by the groups of women surrounding them.

The milliners have not permitted themselves to be limited by any one period of history. They have dipped with eager, curious hands into all the ashes and embers of the planet's past and produced for the modern woman a jumble of things that were once worn by her predecessors.

It makes for the gaiety of a crowd, this bobbing up and down of hats from Babylon to the French trenches.

There is nothing dull in millinery today. If one could get together all the hats worn on the American continent, classify them, and divide them into chapters, one would be presented with a sartorial history of the world.

Novelties in Dyed Suede.

Here and there one sees a new material attached to an old shape. Such is the case when dyed suede is used for an oblong turban, with its surface perforated in an edelweiss design taken from the Swiss Alps and copied from the patterns used in the Madeira islands. Right here you have a jumble of people and nationalities all in one tiny cap tilted over the left eyebrow of a girl. These suede caps are dyed bright pink, horizon blue and pottery red. Their sole ornamentation is the perforation.

Someone has insisted that the revival of perforated designs on all our clothes came through the use of paper napkins in the war. Good thought, but hardly true. Whatever the source, the fashion is here. The milliners may have originated it, but the dressmakers borrowed it over-

night, for the midseason frocks of white broadcloth and velvet, or beige-colored gabardine and black taffeta, are perforated along their edges in set designs.

It is too late to talk of the Alsatian bow, for it was obvious that the milliners would revive it; but a certain woman of distinction started a fashion for it that the milliners quickly looked upon with envy.

She came to lunch in a restaurant wearing the genuine Alsatian bow, black and immense, placed across the middle of her head, with a mere apology of a little cloth cap in front of it. It stood upward and outward, and her hair was coiled high behind it. This was the real thing, and her daring made her the target of all eyes. It may be that the Alsatian bow in this form will be introduced for the evening. Let us hope that it will never appear at the theater. At the present rate of prices and the scarcity of seats, the addition of a hundred or so Alsatian bows in the audience would be the straw on the camel's back.

Charlotte Corday Cap.

The Charlotte Corday cap, minus its bow, has been introduced for the South and is taken up by the North. It is made of brilliant, dark tulle, always double, but entirely transparent. The best one is in copper tulle, its high crown trimmed at the base with a twist of tulle and one of those rococo red roses with gold outer petals and leaves which have been brought into fashion by a well-known designer of individual evening gowns.

The transparent hat is beyond question one of the smart fashions of the hour. It means that the coiffure must come back into orderliness and loveliness. The crowns of these hats are often high and gently manipulated by the fingers to give grace, and one of the best French hats takes the crown of the American doughboy hat as its model.

As brown rules in velling, so it seems to rule in these tulle hats. It is often in the color that the French call "marron," that chestnut brown which is soft and becoming. Over these smart women wear stockings of it with black slippers, even in evening dress, and they like it in all the accessories. Over here we are just beginning to grasp its importance. The milliners believe that in copper and chestnut, the brown hat will rule the spring season.

Hats and Bobbed Hair.

The Florentine coiffure is no longer a caprice of the extremists; it is no longer a sensational bit of bravado. The war has insisted it as a strong fashion. Women with gray hair wear it bobbed to the nape of the neck or curled under to appear as though it were cut. Girls with every shade of half wear it. Matrons with half-grown children adopt it. So the milliners, after a frantic wringing of the hands, have decided that they must meet this new demand. There must be a large and creative impulse for hats that will go with this Florentine coiffure. The broad, flat hat of Naples has been brought out and is adopted by one young matron whose face figures in half the periodicals of the day, and her side companion, who also wears the ancient Italian hair cut, adopts the Florentine velvet hat, with its trimming of two rows of coral beads.

It must be admitted that the women themselves have seen to it that they look well in any type of hat with this bobbed hair, whether it be turban or flat brim. They cannot, of course, wear hats of exceeding dignity, but they try a certain type of distinguished hat which is considered the leading thing by the milliners; and they carry it off with great skill. This is the immense black-thread lace hat, transparent, with its broad Alsatian bow wired across the front. This is the hat that will supersede, for the spring, the upturned, many pointed, theatrical hat of silk plush and velvet, with its aigrettes.

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When you buy a pound of candy note carefully whether you buy a pound with a box or a pound of candy and a box. Our boxes hold more candy, a full pound of candy in a beautifully attractive box in every case. The candies are the most delicious on the market. Altogether they are the most desirable purchases.

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Start Your Garden Indoors

ARE you thinking of that vegetable garden you are going to have next summer—those rows of tomatoes, heads of cabbage and cauliflower, peppers for pickles and salads, all of which supply so much for the daily bill of fare?

Some varieties should be sown indoors now so as to be ready for transplanting on the arrival of warm weather.

The best results are secured from seeds of known quality. Northrup, King & Co.'s seeds have been carefully grown, selected, and tested by experts. These seeds have behind them a thirty-five years' history of successful yield and quality. You can depend upon them.

Dealers in nearly every community sell Northrup, King & Co.'s seeds. Plan your garden early and place your order now.

NORTHROP, KING & Co's
SEEDS
MINNEAPOLIS MINNESOTAAN OLD RECIPE
TO DARKEN HAIR

Sage Tea and Sulphur Turns
Gray, Faded Hair Dark
and Glossy.

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is messy and troublesome. Nowadays we simply ask at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound." You will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients, at very little cost. Everybody uses this preparation now, because no one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, thick and glossy and you look years younger. Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

GET MORE HEAT FROM COAL

Georgia Man Has Formula Which He Says Will Get Maximum Warmth From Fuel.

Decatur, Ga.—The following formula for getting the maximum amount of heat out of coal is by L. F. Scott:

First, get the coal.
Put three pounds of soda or saleratus in four gallons of water. Dissolve and sprinkle over coal in sufficient quantity to leave same frosted, when solution evaporates.

If the coal does not now burn brighter and give off more heat there is something the matter with the soda.

DRINK HOT TEA
FOR A BAD COLD

Get a small package of Hamburg Breast Tea at any pharmacy. Take a tablespoonful of the tea, put a cup of boiling water upon it, pour through a sieve and drink a teaspoon full at any time during the day or before retiring. It is the most effective way to break a cold and cure grip, as it opens the pores of the skin, relieving congestion. Also loosens the bowels, thus driving a cold from the system.

Try it the next time you suffer from a cold or the grip. It is inexpensive and entirely vegetable, therefore safe and harmless.

RUB BACKACHE AND
LUMBAGO RIGHT OUT

Rub Pain and Stiffness away with a small bottle of old honest St. Jacobs Liniment

When your back is sore and lame or lumbago, sciatica or rheumatism has you stiffened up, don't suffer! Get a 30 cent bottle of old, honest "St. Jacobs Liniment" at any drug store, pour a little in your hand and rub it right into the pain or ache, and by the time you count fifty, the soreness and lameness is gone.

Don't stay crippled! This soothing, penetrating oil needs to be used only once. It takes the ache and pain right out of your back and ends the misery. It is magical, yet absolutely harmless and doesn't burn the skin.

Nothing else stops lumbago, sciatica and lame back misery so promptly!

Spring Cleaning Time is Here

If a house needs spring cleaning, how about the human body after a winter of indoor life and heavy food? Don't suffer from indigestion, biliousness, bad breath, bloating, constipation, when relief can be so easily had. Foley Cathartic Tablets clean stomach and bowels and tone up the liver. H. P. Dunn.

mwf

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FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1919



PRIVATE VS. PUBLIC OWNERSHIP

There are always those who believe in private ownership of public works in preference to municipal ownership. The question you vote on April 1st is NOT which ownership you prefer. Do not vote against the bond issue believing, in doing so, that you will get an opportunity later to consider having private companies build for you.

We have not taken a census of the Brainerd people to know how many are opposed to the idea of public ownership, so we can only venture an opinion. Municipal ownership never was an out and out political issue, not even in Brainerd; it always has been a growing economic necessity recognized, advocated, and promulgated by people of all political parties. Public ownership is more popular than ever, embracing now such enterprises as water, light, heat, ice, steam railways, street railways, telegraph and telephones. It does not appear that public sentiment against municipal ownership of our water works system is in the least a prominent question in Brainerd today.

But why advocate private ownership at all. If any part of Brainerd has had poor service in the past, that is known and the reasons for the defects are known. It is purely a matter of designing. Knowing then the defect and the remedy, vote the bonds and provide the Water & Light board with the money to pay for the required changes and the service will be made adequate not only for one person but for all. A private company can do no differently nor better.

No matter who pays for the new system, be it a private corporation or the city, the cost of the system is charged to the consumer. Why not let your Water & Light board do the charging; why instead invite an outsider to do it? If the consumer pays the expense anyway, what objection can there possibly be in having this extra charge apply on retiring municipal bonds as against retiring the bond of a private corporation.

If it is merely a question of not trying to have too many bonds outstanding against a city, the time to call a halt is when the limit has been reached—which in our case is not now; and even then obstacles ought not to be thrown out against something that concerns the health of the individual. We donate and raise money and do other various things so the farmer will get better cows, calves, and pigs; why not spend a larger sum to get good water and develop and preserve human beings.

If the municipal or public ownership, of the operation of the Brainerd waterworks is to be considered a failure, then the Board must state that Brainerd did not acquire an adequate system in the first place when it bought out the Minnesota Water Works Co., and it has been a physical impossibility to render other than inadequate service and deliver rank water. Vote the Bonds. Get something that is right. You'll be satisfied with the quantity and the quality of the water you will get. Remember! This bond issue will NOT increase your taxes.

PEACE FIRST ESSENTIAL

President Wilson's desire and intention to incorporate the league of nations plan with the peace terms is to be regretted if it delays the making of a speedy and just peace, which now seems probable. The people of this country without regard to party desire immediate peace so that the world may at once return to a normal basis, and above all that the American soldiers in Europe be returned to their homes.

But, we also believe that practically all of the American people believe that an effort should be made to bring about a world pact or agreement that will reduce the probability of wars in the future. To this extent they are certainly behind President Wilson and Ex-President Taft

in their effort to form a league of nations for that purpose.

It is also to be hoped that the present constitution will be amended so as to preserve the Monroe Doctrine and state clearly that domestic questions such as immigration, etc., shall at no time be submitted to the league for consideration.

WILL NOT RAISE TAXES

We hope our readers take note of the statement that voting for the Bond Issue does not increase the taxes. It will be planned that the interest on the bonds and the principal itself will be paid from the earnings of the department. Just now the earnings of the department have gone largely to pay for upkeep and repairs and no surplus is accumulating.

WHY YOU SHOULD VOTE WATER WORKS BONDS

A series of articles prepared by the Water & Light Board to explain why new water works are necessary, what is planned to replace the old works, and the suitability of that which is advocated.

IV.

A Vital Question.

What will it cost me, and can I afford it? That is always the vital question, because in municipal affairs we abhor and avoid almost everything that means increasing one's tax bill.

It is our plan that this expense shall not cost you one cent in taxes. Your present plan is run at a considerable loss and always will or would be. The cost of upkeep is too great and it will always grow greater and service grow poorer as the town grows.

The Water & Light board never did affect or increase your tax bill. This department is self-sustaining. If light rates are ever raised, it will be because expenses of running the light department necessarily increase beyond what the expenses are today. If you get good water and plenty of it, you will be willing to pay for it. If fire insurance rates are kept down, and if your doctor bills are reduced because typhoid epidemics are prevented, you will surely be glad to pay the water bill. If meters are installed and you know that you will be permitted to use all the water you want to use, and everybody will be paying for just exactly what he uses, you will be contented to march with the procession. If you can draw good drinking water from the tap in the kitchen, you will be satisfied to pay your city \$12.00 a year instead of to the man driving the water-wagon. All in all, with a proper plan and system, water bills around town will be equalized as they should be. But in all events, there must be a profit each year, just as there is now in the electric department, to accumulate a fund to pay off the water bonds just the same as has been the case with the electric plant bonds for many years back.

Therefore, let us impress upon you firmly and clearly that this is not a taxing proposition. Your taxes will not be increased one cent. That being the case, there is no reason why everybody should not vote in favor of the bond issue.

There will be some who vote against such a measure. They include:

- (1) the man who is always against any improvement,
- (2) the man who is afraid a meter will show all the water he is using,
- (3) the man who knows the policeman is not around and likes to let his water run all night,
- (4) the man who sells spring water for a living.

You can't blame the water peddler, because that is his way of making a living, and it is an honest way, but you can hold the others only in contempt.

WHY TAKE CHANCES?

Editor Dispatch:

Replying to Prof. Wilson's query, "Why Take Chances," would say that in my opinion it is because the Water and Light board feel that they have such a strong case, the necessity for a new water system being so apparent, that they are not afraid to submit the matter to the good judgment of the people, and did not ask for special legislation which effectually bars altogether the general taxpayer from having a voice in the expenditure of two hundred and fifty thousand of the taxpayer's money.

C. A. KRECH.

Suffered for Eight Years
 Rheumatic pains, lame back, sore muscles and stiff joints often are due to overworked, weak or disordered kidneys. Daisy Bell, R. F. D. 3, Box 234, Savannah, Ga., writes: "I suffered eight years with pain in the back and could not do any of my work, but since taking Foley Kidney Pills, I can do all of my work." H. P. Dunn.

 Florida Senator Who Helped U. S. Fighters to Collect \$60 Extra Pay



SENATOR PARK TRAMMELL

German Leader Tells Policies

By FRANK J. TAYLOR

(United Press Staff Correspondent) Berlin, Feb. 1 (By Mail)—Germany will convince the world by the policy of her peace conference delegates as well as the governments policy that she is a changed nation, and can be dealt with as such, according to Philip Scheidemann, widely known German statesman.

"The delegation to the peace conference will be truly representative of the new Germany," says Scheidemann. "It will include none of the men who are responsible for the frightful cataclysm of the last four years, nor any who were otherwise contaminated by the practices of the old system."

"It is necessary for us to purge the atmosphere of our own house. Having suffered enough from the old system which brought us to the very edge of perdition, we hope that notwithstanding the heavy burdens which peace will lay upon our shoulders, we shall come out of this war as purified and better men and enter the society of free nations on a footing of equality."

"The foreign policy which we are resolved to pursue will be based exclusively upon pacifism and the League of Nations. We social democrats have always been champions of these ideals, during the long years when we were suppressed. We are glad finally to have a chance to put them into practice."

"We are today the only people in the world that has almost entirely demobilized and disbanded its standing army—the only country that has put the idea of reduction of armaments into practice. Though fully conscious that this may tempt many enemy politicians to do us violence, we confidently believe that such proof of the spirit of international brotherhood will convince the world that it faces a new and entirely changed Germany."

"We hope that the ideals of humanity may now retake their rightful place also beyond our frontiers. We feel to understand why the blockade of starvation, enacted against the German people for the last four years, is still maintained, and we learn with much gratification that America is endeavoring to have it lifted."

"Another thing near to our hearts is the return of prisoners of war. German troops formerly in Turkey are a particularly pitiful case. Strong bolshevik bands prevent them from returning to Germany overland, and are systematically robbing them and trying to get possession of their arms and ammunition for purposes of anarchy and destruction. We still hope the Entente will permit these soldiers to return to Germany by sea before they fall victims to the brutalities of the bolsheviks. Meanwhile I can say we are confident British port commanders will not let our men die of starvation."

Jack of All Trades.

Edinburgh once enjoyed the distinction of possessing the most prolix signboard on record: "John Main, Stationer, Bibles, Testaments, Psalms, Hymns, Prayer Books, Catechisms, Proverbs, Books, new and old, in various branches of literature. Money or exchange for old Books; Papers, Pens, and Ink; Wax and Wafers; Blackboards, Hair and Hair Pencils; Coloured Books, Memorandum Books, Religious Tracts. Books neatly bound, on moderate terms."

Baby Republic Loves America

By FRANK J. TAYLOR

(United Press Staff Correspondent.) Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 5. (By Mail)—Bohemia probably is the most pro-Ally country in the world nowadays. At least you have that impression when you arrive in Prague, coming from Berlin. The Czechoslovaks have not been allowed to give vent to their feelings during the four years of the war, when they were dominated by Austria, and they are making up for it now.

Prague is a mass of Allied flags, stuck in every possible corner along the crooked streets and in niches of the quaint buildings. American and the new Czechoslovak republic flags predominate, though there are thousands of English, French and Italian flags. When the Austrian empire finally collapsed, thousands of flags suddenly were brought from hiding many of them printed on paper, since cloth enough was impossible to find.

Every store has two attractions, a picture of President Wilson, and with him President Masaryk, of the new republic. To the Czechoslovaks, they are the greatest men of history, and both are universally admired almost to the extent of worship.

The Czechoslovaks have organized committees to look after foreigners. Some of the most influential university people are serving voluntarily on these committees, and there is nothing they will not do to assist visitors from Allied countries.

Everyone in Czechoslovakia is looking forward to the arrival of the first official missions from other countries. The Italians were the first to cross Austria and break the isolation of this stranded member of the Entente. An American mission under the leadership of Captain Manuel Voska, bringing a train of trucks loaded with medical supplies and food from Italy, is en route. French and British missions are expected.

The Czechoslovaks manifest their loyalty to the Entente in every way possible. They have undertaken protection of all Allied subjects within the former Hapsburg empire, and assist their traveling and work by means of station officers and representative in Vienna, Budapest, and other cities.

The spirit of the Czechoslovaks is at high tide and is contagious. Everyone in the land, with the exception of the Germans, is jubilant at "freedom after 400 years," as the new-born independence is called. The people of the land have as many privations as other inhabitants of the defeated countries, but joy at being liberated.

German is a language tabooed among the Czechoslovaks, not by decree but by public feeling. Sometimes it works difficulties for foreigners who know no Slav tongue. Go into a restaurant and order your meal in German, and the waiters probably will not understand you at all. You may not be served, unless you explain you are an American, and don't know Bohemian, and therefore must speak German. Then they will talk German and understand it, and will bring you anything they can get. The same is true of shops.

Prague is a very old city with quaint, somewhat oriental passages, the least modern of the large cities in the former central empires, due, according to the Czechoslovaks, to the deliberate plan of the Austrians to keep the city undeveloped. It is a city of nearly a million, including the inhabitants of the suburbs.

The people are lively and intelligent, mostly dark complexioned and black-eyed. They are independent in spirit and ambitious to make their isolated little country a strong member of the Allies. They keenly appreciate recognition by President Wilson, whom they credit with having put Czechoslovakia on the map.

Many Czechs Were Martyrs in War

By FRANK J. TAYLOR

(Staff Correspondent, United Press) Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 5. (By Mail)—The "passive resistance," as the war time opposition of the Czechoslovak people to the old Austrian-Hungarian government is called, was an exceedingly effective means of fighting the Hapsburgs, as after-the-war revelations show.

Though the Czechoslovaks were suppressed too completely to revolt with force until toward the end of the war, they refused to fight for Austria. Thousands escaped and joined the Russian, Italian, and French armies, and against these countrymen the conscripted Czechoslovaks refused to fight.

They were drafted into the army, and in many cases sent to the front. At the first opportunity they surrendered in groups. From Prague an organized system of arranging surrender was conducted. Representa-

tives were sent out to show soldiers at the front how to surrender in groups without being killed.

In a military way the "passive resistance" of the Czechoslovaks was as disastrous to the Austrian army as the enemies' fire, according to officers who had to deal with the Czechoslovaks. The Czechs demoralized any unit they were attached to, and had to be guarded continually.

Hundreds of Czechs refused to answer the Hapsburg call to service, and hid in cellars and in small towns or in the country year in and year out. From time to time they were able to organize resistance to the Austrians but the revolts failed for lack of supplies.

Within the Czechoslovak area the people refused to subscribe to Austrian loans, and hid their money, gold and silver, until they could use it for the new republic. When the Germans and Austrians demanded food, the Czechs hid it. They refused to work in factories used for war material manufacture, and deliberately destroyed war machinery, to help the Allies. Thousands were imprisoned or killed for pro-Ally efforts. There are thousands of martyrs of Czechoslovak "passive resistance."

Prince Invents Labor Saving Letter System

(By United Press)

London, Feb. 20 (By Mail)—Prince Nicholas of Rumania, now attending Eaton, England's famous preparatory school, has solved the problem presented by the necessity of writing that weekly letter home.

American boarding school boys might take a tip from him. By adopting the prince's system they will find unnecessary long hours of pencil biting and wearisome concentration on the question of what to write to interest dad and mother.

The prince keeps a daily log of his doings. It is written in duplicate with a sheet of carbon paper. At the end of the week the prince need only tear off two sheets, place them in envelopes and mail them to dad and mother. In his case dad is King Ferdinand I and mother is Queen Marie.

Prince Nicholas, however, in addition to sending the diary sheets, mails frequent letters home.

The prince, who is 15, is democratic and wants to be treated at Eaton just like any other student. He is of sturdy build and is anxious to learn English sports. He speaks English without a trace of accent and is of English descent, since his mother is the granddaughter of the late Queen Victoria and the daughter of the English duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha.

Stopped Cough After Influenza

"Foley's Honey and Tar is the best cough medicine I ever tried," writes E. B. McDowell, R. F. D. 1, Box 119, Arlington, Tenn. "My son had influenza. He had the worst kind of a cough. I tried everything but nothing did any good. God sent me a friend with Foley's Honey and Tar, and in two days his cough was gone." H. P. Dunn.

Dressmaker

Doing Her Bit

"Since I was a child, I have suffered with stomach trouble and gastric attacks. Doctors could only give me temporary relief. A lady I sewed for told me of having been cured of similar trouble by taking Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. The first dose proved to me that it would cure me and it has. I am glad to recommend it to other sufferers." It is a simple, harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucus from the intestinal tract and allays the inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded. Johnson's Pharmacy and druggists everywhere.

State of Minnesota, county of Crow Wing, ss, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Frank Thienes, decedent:

The State of Minnesota, to all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this Court her final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with her petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the person thereunto entitled. Therefore, You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of March, 1919, at ten o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 27th day of February, 1919.

J. T. SANBORN
 (Court Seal)
 ALDERMAN & CLARK
 Attorneys for Petitioner

Best Theatre

Paramount Pictures

TODAY

TOMORROW

TOM MOORE

Dorothy Dalton

IN

"Go West Young Man"

:: IN ::

"Quicksand"

A tenderfoot clamps the lid on vice in a hell-hole of the great west! A beautiful girl helps him! Then the political boss traps the reformer and he's— See Tom Moore in "Go West, Young Man." The fastest moving drama of the season.

COME ON BOYS!

Yes, every one of you. Mothers, fathers and sisters, too! See what life really is for a cabaret girl! See, if it is all gay music, bright lights and sparkling champagne!

ALSO

ALSO

BURTON HOLMES

Sennett Comedy

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"RIP & STITCH, TAILORS"

Admission 10c and 20c, Tax Included

Shows 7:30 & 9:00

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Cut This Out—It is Worth Money

DON'T MISS THIS. Cut out this slip, enclose with 5c to Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup. Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathartic Tablets. H. P. Dunn.

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ELKS MEETING WAS ENTHUSIASTIC ONE

D. D. McEachin of Hibbing Pays the First Official Visit to Brainerd Lodge No. 615

ELECTION OF OFFICERS HELD

Initiatory Work—Elks Home Committee Reports—Boxing Bout—Lunch is Served

The biggest and most enthusiastic meeting in years was held by Brainerd Lodge of Elks, No. 615, on Thursday evening and was made notable by the presence of District Deputy D. D. McEachin of Hibbing on his first official visit to the lodge. Mr. McEachin made a short address, pungent and witty, and praised the lodge for the spirit shown.

Election of officers resulted as follows:

Exalted Ruler—Fred L. Sanborn.
Esteemed Leading Knight—Herbert L. Peterson.
Esteemed Loyal Knight—John A. Hoffbauer.

Esteemed Lecturing Knight—B. E. Dunham.

Secretary—John J. Cummins.
Treasurer—E. L. Lagerquist.
Trustee for 3 years—A. C. Ebert.
Delegate to National Convention—A. J. Ellison.

Alternate—John J. Cummins.
Delegate to State Convention—Edw. Anderson.

Alternate—C. Arthur Lagerquist.
There was initiatory work and the ritualistic work of the order was exemplified in fine shape.

In the social hour Boilermaker Eli Caron boxed four rounds with Henry Nyquist of the shops. It was a fast bout and pleased the Elks exceedingly.

The Elks home building committee selected to report at this session rendered a voluminous report embodying also experiences of other lodges in building homes. Various sites were suggested. So much was embraced in the report that the lodge as a whole will take further time to consider the propositions involved.

A fine lunch was served under the direction of B. L. Lagerquist, head of the entertainment committee.

New applications for membership were brought in, as they have been at every meeting past.

MORE ARRESTS ARE MADE IN CITY CASE

To Date Three are in Jail and Four Out on Bail in Case Brought by Federal Dept.

INTERFERING WITH ARREST

Aftermath of Indian Agent Contact With Brainerd Crowd Will be Aired in Courts

To date seven arrests have been made as an aftermath of the Indian agent case wherein Special Officer Johnson claims he was interfered with by Brainerd men while making an arrest.

Three are in the county jail, four others were able to secure bail. The hearing before U. S. Court Commissioner W. A. Fleming has been set for Wednesday morning and the law office of the judge will not be large enough to hold the crowd and accordingly it is probable the hearing will take place in the municipal court room.

Several under bail have secured the services of an attorney. The government is taking sufficient interest in the case to send either U. S. District Attorney Jacques or Wm. Anderson to prosecute the cases.

DELCO LIGHT USERS

Many Plants Sold in Town and Countryside by the Woodhead Motor Co. of Brainerd

The measure of success of any article is its wide distribution in town and countryside and the Delco lighting plants sold by John F. Woodhead Co. of Brainerd are favorably commented on by all users and their efficiency, in short, testifies to the efficiency and dependability of the system.

Here are some Delco light plant users: E. O. Webb, J. C. Barber, F. S. Parker estate, J. M. Elder estate, P. M. Zakariassen, R. J. Potter, Ramsey LaFlame, Philip Betzold, P. B. Anderson, Adolph Anderson, Frank Fredstrom, August Imm, Andrew Erickson, R. T. Sagli, Johnson Bros., Leon Clause.

A Friend Recommended Them

J. N. Tobill, clerk Lottie Hotel, Evansville, Ind., writes: "For six weeks I suffered constantly with pains in the muscles of my thigh. Upon recommendation of a friend, I tried Foley Kidney Pills and began to get relief almost immediately. They stop backache, rheumatic pains, soreness and stiffness. H. P. Dunn, m.f."

CHAMBER COMMERCE ROOMS IN DEMAND

Many Organizations Meet There, the Schedule of a Week Show Much Activity There

TEACHERS IN SESSION FRIDAY

Golf Club, Red Cross and Woman's Council of Defense Use Rooms as Meeting Place

As an evidence of the almost constant use to which the Chamber of Commerce rooms and equipment are put, the following schedule of gatherings for the week is significant. Every meeting but one referred to will be held in the Chamber of Commerce rooms and each organization is afforded the courtesies of the club and the assistance of the office force.

Friday, March 7th—County Teachers convention, C. of C. 10 a. m. All day.

Memorial Arch committee 8 p. m. Saturday, March 8th—County Teachers convention, C. of C.

Monday, March 10th—Advisory Board luncheon, Ransford Hotel, 12 noon.

Tuesday, March 11—Golf club meeting, C. of C., 7:30 p. m.

Red Cross Directors 2:30 p. m.

Wednesday, March 12th—C. of C. dinner 6:15. Regular meeting 8 p. m.

Thursday, March 13th—Woman's Council of Defense conference, 9:30 to 12 noon.

MRS. MARY JONES CALLED TO REWARD

Pioneer Resident of Crow Wing County Over Forty-three Years, Died Thursday Evening

ACTIVE IN RED CROSS WORK

Funeral Will be Held Saturday Afternoon from the First Congregational Church

Mrs. Mary Jones, age 72, for forty-six years a resident of Crow Wing county, died of the infirmities of old age Thursday evening. She was the wife of John W. Jones, who preceded her to his reward in 1898.

Mrs. Jones with her husband resided in Brainerd many years before going on their farm in Oak Lawn township. Her husband was street commissioner several terms, serving under Mayor A. J. Halsted.

She leaves four boys, Ernest and Tom of Brainerd, John and Lloyd of Oak Lawn; two daughters, Mrs. H. J. Wilson of St. Paul and Miss Reta Jones of Oak Lawn.

She attended the Congregational church. She was born near Wales and the family came to Brainerd in the early seventies. During the late war her knitting needles were busy and she was one of the most active members of the Oak Lawn Red Cross Auxiliary. It lacked but a few days, March 16, when she would have celebrated her 73rd birthday.

The funeral will be held Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the farm home and the cortege of automobiles will proceed to the First Congregational church where Rev. E. A. Allen of St. Paul will officiate at 3:30 P. M. Interment will be in Evergreen cemetery.

Members of the family, sprinkling of the deceased, said death came on Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock, after a month's illness caused by paralysis. She was born in Oswego, England, near the Welsh border on March 16, 1846.

She was married in the old church of her native village June 5, 1876 to John Jones, thus never changing her maiden name, both families having a long line of ancestry of Jones.

They emigrated to America in 1873, coming directly to Brainerd, which has been her home ever since her husband preceded her to the beyond in 1898.

There were born to Mr. and Mrs. Jones nine children of whom four sons and two daughters are living. The three grandchildren are H. Lloyd and Margaret Jones and Mary Jane Wilson.

She also leaves two sisters and two brothers in Wales and one brother in Portland, Ore.

An Improvement.

A young guardsman called the other day on a certain financier, who insisted on showing him over his magnificent private house, informing him not only where he purchased every article in it but the price he paid for it. When he had finished he asked his visitor if he could suggest any improvement in the arrangement of the house. "Well," was the reply, "if you were to mark all the goods in plain figures it would save you a good deal of trouble."

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY

PASSAGE OF TAX BILLS IS URGED

Municipalities Urge Passage of Law Giving More Equitable Apportionment of the

RAILWAY GROSS EARNINGS TAX

Forty Representatives of State Municipalities Attend the Tax Committee Hearings

(St. Cloud Journal-Press)

About forty representatives of the State Municipalities throughout the state of Minnesota attended the meeting of the committee to which the bill was referred, providing for the payment by railroad companies of their share of permanent improvements which at the present time are being taken care of by the taxpayers of the different municipalities.

Both of the committees of the House and Senate approved of the bill as set forth and recommended it for passage by both houses. The hearing was held Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 p. m. At 5 o'clock the city officials held a conference at the hotel in St. Paul preliminary to the joint hearing of the committee of the House and of the Senate in the Senate chamber which was held at 8 o'clock in the evening on the bill providing for a division of 25 per cent of the gross earnings tax paid by railroad companies excepting street railways, and the apportionment of said taxes to the taxing district wherein the property of said railroads are located.

Every representative of the different cities and towns of the state was heard on the merits of the bill, which was one of the stormy sessions of the term, as many state officials could not see justice in requesting the passage of the measure, while the city officials were equally strong in their opinion for the passage.

Officials from different parts of the state demanded that this bill be passed, especially where there is railroad property on which the towns are depending on the roads for labor.

The representatives of the municipalities explained to the committees their high tax rates where railroad property was situated and where no incomes were available from taxation to lower the rate. Staples pays on a rate of 102 mills, Proctor 104.5 mills, Rogers 104 mills, Two Harbors 102 mills, Bemidji 101 mills, Stillwater 66 mills, Crookston 66 mills, Brainerd 66 mills, East Grand Forks 88 mills, St. Cloud (Stearns county) 63 mills. Many others were quoted with equally high rates and higher, these rates include state, county, school and city combined. They pointed out that with only 25 per cent distribution these rates could be brought down and made a strong plea for favorable action on the bill. Among the delegates were Mayor Linperich and Commissioner Magnuson of this city. All of the forty municipalities represented had large delegations, some as high as six and seven representatives, which showed the interest that is being taken throughout the state of Minnesota.

All of the municipalities took the stand that while there were some benefits in having the railroad properties, that the expenses to which the cities were put to, in providing police and fire protection, hospital care for injured ones and all of the other benefits that are provided including sewers, electric lights and so forth, that a great injustice was being done to these centers when in most of the states of the union the taxes are based on the ad valorem basis.

Every representative went back home with determination to get busy in every way possible to have these bills passed which mean so much to the people of these communities.

The joint committee informed the city officials that they were to have another hearing on the bill which is S. F. No. 70 and H. F. No. 348. The hearing Tuesday evening lasted until nearly midnight.

BRAINERD'S ODDEST STORIES OF TODAY

Elks Thursday evening had an awful time finding the door knob on the front door leading to their hall. Long ago the knob fell off and for a time a six penny nail offered surface to gain a grip on the machinery to open the door. Last night, however, the nail had fallen out and all the knob left was a bit of smooth iron about as big as a lead pencil.

NOTICE

The members of the Alpha Chapter No. 23, O. E. S., will meet at the Masonic hall at 1:15 P. M. Saturday to attend the funeral of our late sister Mrs. Betty Hagberg.

FANNY FORSBERG.
Worthy Matron.

JUDGE McCLENAHAN'S OPINION IN FULL

Federal and Not State Courts Should Hear Cases Involving Infractions of Liquor Laws

IN INDIAN TREATY COUNTRY

Brainerd Decision Hinges on Supreme Court Decision Made in the Bagley Case

Below, the Dispatch gives in full the decision of Judge W. S. McClenahan of the district court, which follows the dicta of the State Supreme court as expressed in the so-called Bagley case and resolves itself, in short, that federal and not state courts shall hear and impose punishment in liquor law infractions in this Indian treaty country of 1855.

State of Minnesota, County of Crow Wing, District Court, 15th Judicial District.

State of Minnesota, Plaintiff,

vs.

Obert Dohertyevich and Rudolph Lukich, Defendants.

The defendants were indicted for keeping an unlicensed drinking place in the Village of Ironton in April, 1918, and were found guilty by a jury. Before sentence was imposed their counsel objected thereto on the ground that the alleged offense having been committed in the Indian Country this court was without jurisdiction in the premises.

The question this presented is the authority of the state to prosecute cases under its statutes relating to the sale of intoxicating liquors in cities, villages or boroughs, when such municipalities are within the territory covered by the treaty of 1855 between the federal government and the Chippewa Indians. The case of Minneapolis Brewing Co. v. Village of Bagley, decided February 7, 1919, by the supreme court of this state and not yet reported, holds that the provisions of the state statutes relative to licensing the sale of intoxicating liquors have no force or effect in the territory covered by and included in that treaty; that such treaty and its various stipulations are paramount and superior to the state laws within that territory, and that the last named laws, in so far as they provide for licensing the sale of intoxicating liquors, have no operative force or effect in the treaty territory, so that, the sale of such liquors therein has been unlawful since the ratification of the treaty referred to. The Bagley case did not arise out of a criminal prosecution, but had to do with the authority of state municipalities to order a repayment of unearned portions of license fees upon the happening of an adverse local option election. In any judgment, however, that case is decisive of the question whether a prosecution will lie for selling intoxicating liquors without a license in the treaty territory, for keeping an unlicensed drinking place therein, or for any other statutory offense based upon the assumed right of the state to require a license to be secured before undertaking to sell intoxicating liquors in such territory. It is now settled that the licensing feature of these state laws is nullity in the district referred to, and that a liquor license, to that extent, can afford no protection to its holder. Can the state say to such a person that he shall be punished for being without the protection of a license when no such protection is possible because of a paramount law? These offenses do not arise from violation of prohibition laws; the state has not said to them, "you shall not sell at all," but only "you shall not sell save under the protection of a license." It has not said "you will be punished if you sell," but "you will be punished if you sell without a license." Sec. 3109, G. S. 1913, was the original enacting clause which defined the several offenses and provided for their punishment, by making the sale of any intoxicating liquors by any person, except as stated therein, a misdemeanor, and fixing the minimum punishment. State v. Schmidt, 111 Minn. 189. By Chapter 147, Laws 1915, and Chapter 32, Laws 1917, a clear distinction was made between a licensing law and a prohibitory law. Cities, villages and boroughs were thereby classified as within the qualified interdiction of the former, while every part of the state outside of such corporate limits was brought within the absolute mandate of the latter. The prohibitory feature of the 1917 statute would not seem to be out of harmony with the treaty of 1855, in fact, it appears to be the only law penalizing sales of liquor within the territory covered by that treaty to persons other than Indians. Sec. 2139, Rev. State U. S. does not prohibit such sales in general, though perhaps the act of June 30, 1834, in force when the treaty was made, did. See Johnson v. Geards, 234 U. S. 422, 58 L. ed. 1284, 1289. The Bagley case holds that all sales of liquor in the territory in question have been unlawful since February 22, 1855. But whatever may be the situation in this regard as to those portions of the state outside of cities, villages and boroughs; but within the treaty area, the statutes as to the portions of the state inside of such corporate limits and the treaty area remain the same, in effect, as before the 1917 amendment. They purport to provide that two classes only, pharmacists and persons to whom licenses may be granted, may sell intoxicating liquors; and that any person who does not bring himself within one or the other of those classes violates the law if he sells such liquors to any person under any circumstances. State v. Schmidt, supra. Eliminate Sec. 3113, G. S. 1913, which authorizes the granting of licenses, and the

Capes, Dolmans, Coats The Garments for Spring Ours Are Ready For You

The new Dolmans and capes offer something entirely different in woman's outer garments for Spring. These are very welcome after several seasons in which the styles were very much alike.

For those wishing something less of a novelty we are showing some very clever coats. See them at once.

Our Store Closes at 5:30
Except Saturdays and Payday

H. F. Michael Co.

Exhibition of Drapes, Curtains and Oriental Rugs

We have arranged to have a representative of one of the largest factories in America at our store early in April with a complete and up-to-date showing of Drapes, Drape Material, Lace Curtains, Curtain Material, and Large and Small Oriental Rugs. It is financially impossible for us to carry in stock such a display as he will show and we trust our efforts in offering to our customers the opportunity of selecting here at home from a stock to be found only in the biggest cities, will be appreciated. We ask that you delay your purchases in these lines until you can see our exhibition.

CLARK'S

Brainerd's Biggest Store

Iron Exchange Bldg.

entire statutory fabric falls, in so far as cities, villages and boroughs are concerned, because thereby the feature without which there is no legislative intent or policy is taken away. The Bagley case eliminates that section, as to the portion of the state here involved, as effectually as would a repealing statute, and also similarly eliminates Sec. 3112. To suggest that one can be punished for selling liquor without a license, or for keeping an unlicensed drinking place, when neither a license nor a licensed drinking place is a legal

(Continued on page 6)

LITTLE FALLS BUSINESS COLLEGE It's The School For You

It's the School For You because it offers you everything the "big city" schools offer and that at moderate cost. You pay by the month for the actual time you attend. You can start your course this year and finish next year. You will have the best of everything with which to work. You can enter at any time. School is in session all year. Send for free catalog. We stand back of all our advertising.

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Dispatch Want Ads

PRICE—One cent a word. If paid in advance one-half cent a word for subsequent insertions.

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WANTED—Orderly at St. Joseph's hospital. 6057-2321f

WE HAVE acquired exclusive state rights for various fast selling auto, farm and home articles and want local men to become our agents. No experience necessary. This is a real opportunity to establish yourself in a permanent business. Write today for particulars. Consolidated Selling Agency, 20 Hennepin Ave., Minneapolis, Minn. 6060-23313

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FOR RENT—Two houses. Inquire 408 S. 6th St. 3525-2031f

FOR RENT—Furnished room, 722 South Broadway. 6058-23312

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms, 1011 Kingwood. Phone 496-L. 6058-23312

FOR RENT—Furnished room on first floor. Suitable for one or two gentlemen. 307 S. 7th. 6061-2331f

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms suitable for two gentlemen. 220 N. Broadway. 6036-2291f

WANTED TO RENT—Brick house by two adults. A good house. Telephone 227-M-2. 6062-2316p

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—One cupboard. 307 S. 7th St. 6062-2331f

FOR SALE—House and five acres, also some 2½ tracts. East Oak street, Sec. 29. S. Allston, Humbert, Minn. 6063-229110

FOR SALE—Continued

FOR SALE—Five room cottage, big sleeping porch, good garage. Phone 1189-W, 1720 Laurel St. 6064-23414

FOR SALE—My residence property at 404 4th Ave. N. E. Terms to suit purchaser. J. P. Prosser, Phone 723-W. 6055-23116

FOR SALE—All modern six room house. Easy payments, 704 Norwood street. Inquire 319 No. 7th St. 6039-2291f

IMPROVED FARM FOR SALE—317 acres, 260 under cultivation House, barn, well, etc. Near Sylvan station. J. B. Pehrson, 815 So. 7th St. Brainerd, Minn. 6031-22916-w1

FOR SALE—Buick truck. First class in every detail. Cash or terms. Woodhead Motor Co. 6065-2231f

FOR SALE—New modern five room bungalow. Call at 102 Kingwood after 4 p. m. 6043-2301f

FOR SALE—Furnished home, all fumed oak furniture, practically new, five rooms, gas electric lights and city water, 509 4th Ave. N. E. Phone 947-L. 6042-23313

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED TO RENT—A good house by two adults. Phone 227-M-2. 6062-23216p

LOST—Number of five dollar bills folded, between postoffice and 602 3rd Ave. N. E. Liberal reward. Phone 598-J. 6056-23113

WANTED—Three rooms, preferred furnished, for light housekeeping by young couple. No children. Address "R" % Dispatch. 6063-23313

panted by general firing against the building from surrounding houses and streets, the government troops replying from the headquarters. About 80 civilians and sailors tried to storm a building in a side street where the government had stationed artillery, but were repulsed.

WILSON MAY CHANGE MIND

Railroad Men Anxious for Special Session of Congress.

Washington, March 7.—There is a lurking hope among some members of congress still in Washington that the extra session may yet be called before the President's return, they said. Those who expressed this hope based it on what they called the frantic state of mind of railroad men, left in the lurch by the senate's failure to provide the \$750,000,000 badly needed by the Railroad administration.

HOG PRICES BEGIN TO RISE

Quick Action Follows Removal of All Restrictions.

Chicago, March 7.—As a result of the removal of a minimum hog price by the Food administration, the long hog market closed on a strong basis, best selling at \$18.60, or a 5-cent advance, and the highest since Nov. 6, last.

BOXING BILL BECOMES LAW

Nevada Legislature Passes Measure Over Governor's Veto.

Carson City, Nev., March 7.—By a vote of 11 to 4 the state senate passed the 25-round boxing bill over the veto of Governor Boyle and it now becomes a law. The assembly passed the bill over the governor's veto last week.

Kill Two Polish Officers.

Warsaw, March 7.—Two Polish officers were killed when the Ukrainians fired on the train bearing the Inter-Allied commission to Poland after its departure from Lemberg. The officers had boarded the train by mistake.

Hal Chase Signs Contract.

New York, March 7.—The New York National league baseball club announced that Hal Chase had signed a contract to play with the Giants at first base this season.

It Depends.

Whether a woman is good-looking depends largely on whether you are speaking of her face or to her face.—Wilmington News.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

JUDGE MCLENAHAN'S OPINION IN FULL

(Continued from page 5)

possibility, seems illogical, to say the least.

In State v. Hanley, 25 Minn. 429, the defendant was indicted for selling liquor without a license in the village of Kasson. The sale was admitted as charged and it was stipulated that the legal voters of Kasson had voted against granting licenses. The court found the defendant guilty and he appealed. The statute pursuant to which the vote was taken provided for punishing any person selling such liquor, for other than medicinal purposes, after the legal voters of a village had determined that no license should be granted. The supreme court held that, in such case, a sale of liquor in such a village would constitute the offense of selling after the vote against license, and that the seller would not then be liable under the general law for selling without having obtained a license from the county board, and very significantly observed that "when a person sell liquor (for other than medicinal purposes) in the village of Kasson, where no license to so sell can be obtained by anybody under any circumstances, there is a manifest incongruity in charging him with the offense of selling without a license. There can be no such offense in the village of Kasson, as selling without a license, for other than medicinal purposes. A sale in such village, other than for medicinal purposes, is the offense of selling after a vote against license, and the offense should be described accordingly" and not under the general law for selling without a license. There the defendant had no license to sell liquors, but neither could he obtain one, and because of such inability, there was "a manifest incongruity in charging him with the offense of selling without a license." So here, no license to sell can be obtained by any one under any circumstances in the treaty territory, and the incongruity in charging these offenses is just as manifest. In the Hanley case the court stated that the defendant was not liable under the general law, because that had reference only to sales by persons who were permitted to apply for license, and to whom license might be granted; that statement was considered unsatisfactory in State v. Langdon, 31 Minn., 316, but the earlier case was otherwise expressly approved. The only difference between the situation presented in the Hanley case and that presented here is that in the former the general law became imperative locally when a special law took its place, while here the state licensing laws never became legally operative in the territory in question—that have always been unconscious camouflage.

The Langdon case was twice before the supreme court (29 Minn., 393, 31 Minn., 316), and it was held that within the village of Worthington the statutes had created two offenses and prescribed a different punishment for each, one of which consisted in a sale without a license under the general law, irrespective of the purpose for which the sale was made, and the other in a sale as a beverage under the village charter, in which case the prohibition was absolute "and the statute relating to licensing had no application to such a case." In the case at bar the prohibition is absolute because of the treaty and the statute relating to licensing has no application.

State v. Antler, 33 Minn., 69, is not in point here. That case called for the consideration of an ordinance of the City of Minneapolis, enacted pursuant to legislative authority to license and regulate all persons vending intoxicating liquors, and to restrain any person from so vending, unless duly licensed by the city council. The ordinance in question provided that no person should sell intoxicating liquors within the city without a license, and was, to that extent, within the authority granted, but it also contained a section the purpose of which was to confine the traffic, even by licensed persons, to a defined district of the city; this section was declared unconstitutional (In re Wilson, 32 Minn., 145), in that it delegated to the mayor the duty of designating the districts within which sales might be made, to be known as "active patrol districts." It was held, however, that because this purpose of local restriction failed of accomplishment it did not follow that the remaining portion of the ordinance should not be enforced. That portion was held to be distinct, absolute, unqualified and in no manner dependent upon the provisions with respect to local restriction. In the last analysis, that ordinance was construed to be one prohibiting sales of intoxicating liquors anywhere within the city without a license, and therefore a valid exercise of the power granted by the legislature.

It must be kept in mind here, moreover, that this is not a case involving the election to prosecute under one of several state laws that may be applicable to a given state of facts. The state must be conceded to have the power so to legislate that an offender's conduct will be found to violate more than one statute, and he may then be proceeded against for any crime that can be carved out of his conduct. State v. Holt, 69 Minn., 423. But such instances necessarily presuppose the right of the state to brand the conduct in question as a crime. So too, a single statute may be broad enough to cover, for instance, positions of the state not affected by a local option law and also other portions that are so affected (State v. Fonk, 27 Minn., 318), because of the right of the legislature to declare that a sale and the want of a license shall constitute the crime. Why the seller did not, in such case, obtain a license, or why the authorities did not grant one, is immaterial, because the state, having the power to grant licenses, has also the power, and has exercised it, to withhold them as to certain areas, and it is then no less a crime to sell without a license which the state refuses to grant than it is to sell without one which the state is willing to grant but has not been asked to grant. But, in the instant case, the

He Upset Fingerprint Experts by Having Five Fingers and a Thumb on Each Hand



GERARDO GUILIIANO

By all the rules and regulations a fingerprint expert deals with hands which have four fingers and one thumb. Imagine the upheaval at New York City's police headquarters when in came Gerardo Guiliiano, ac-

cused of being a pickpocket and stealing a wrist watch. He has five perfect fingers and a thumb on each hand. He also has six toes on each foot but that isn't worrying the fingerprint experts.

power to license never existed, and therefore the effort to make the want of a license an element of a crime was wholly arbitrary—the possession of a license would in no way change the situation, because of the operation of the paramount treaty. Minneapolis Brewing Co. v. Village of Bagley, supra.

The note under the case of Barnes v. State, L. R. A. 1915 C, 161, is not without relevancy here. It is there stated (p. 195) that, "generally speaking, after the selling of intoxicating liquor has been prohibited in a district, under a constitutional provision for local option, general laws taxing or licensing the selling of such liquor are not in force within such district." In the case of Butler v. State, 2 Fla., 347, 6 So. 67, cited and quoted from in the note just referred to, the court observed: "It cannot be that a person can be indicted for not having obtained a license the issue of which in the territory of the alleged offense is interdicted by the operation of a constitutional provision." See also note to

Commonwealth v. Barbour, 3 L. R. A. N. S. 620. The treaty of 1855 left no place for subsequent conflicting state laws (Do Geoffrey v. Riggs, 133 U. S. 258, 33 L. ed., 642) and the same principle applies.

In my judgment, no such crime as keeping an unlicensed drinking place can be committed in any village within the treaty territory, and therefore these defendants cannot be punished for that offense.

Brown Grid Star Dies in France.

Boston, March 7.—Lieut. David Henry, captain of the 1913 Brown university football eleven, died of pneumonia in a hospital in France Feb. 14, according to a notice from the War department received by his parents.

Water Polo Meet March 18.

Chicago, March 7.—The National A. U. water polo championships, awarded to the Great Lakes Naval Training station, will be decided on March 18, it was announced.

SITUATION IN RUSSIA

Raymond Robins Appears Before Senate Committee.

Red Cross Worker Advocates Sending Economic Mission to Combat Anarchy.

Washington, March 7.—Raymond Robins of Chicago, former head of the American Red Cross mission to Russia, told the senate investigating committee that there was a fundamental menace for the world in Russian Bolshevism and suggested means for combating its spread.

The witness said a year ago, Nicholas Lenine, Bolshevik premier, had correctly forecast how Bolshevik ideas would take root in Bulgaria, Austria and Germany in the order named.

Mr. Robins quoted Lenine as declaring that in his opinion the American government was entirely corrupt, and as adding: "We challenge every government. We may be overwhelmed, but at the same time we will destroy all moribund political governments."

Unceasing opposition to the principles of Bolshevism, both in Russia and in the United States, was advocated by Mr. Robins, but he warned against the use of military force and the arbitrary suppression of ideas.

The witness said the United States should send an economic mission to Russia to aid the people in obtaining the necessities of life, declaring this would be the most effective way of fighting Bolshevism.

ASSIGN MAJOR COMMITTEES

Republicans Hold in Abeyance Selection of Floor Leader.

Washington, March 7.—With every important committee chairmanship settled, Republican leaders composing the committee on committees completed the broad foundation of the house organization for the next congress, but held in abeyance selection of the floor leader, whip and steering committee.

Among the important chairmanships determined were: Banking and currency, Platt of New York; Public lands, Slinnott, Oregon; Education, Fess, Ohio; Insular affairs, Towner, Iowa; Public buildings, Langley, Kentucky; Immigration, Johnson, Washington; Indian affairs, Snyder, New York; Territories, Curry, California.

Comforting Thought.

You may fail to shine in the opinion of others, both in your conversation and actions, from being superior as well as inferior to them.

ACID IN STOMACH SOURS THE FOOD

Says Excess of Hydrochloric Acid is Cause of Indigestion.

A well-known authority states that stomach trouble and indigestion are nearly always due to acidity—acid stomach—and not, as most folks believe, from a lack of digestive juices. He states that an excess of hydrochloric acid in the stomach retards digestion and starts food fermentation, then our meals sour like garbage in a can, forming acid fluids and gases which inflate the stomach like a toy balloon. We then get that heavy, lumpy feeling in the chest, we eructate sour food, belch gas, or have heartburn, flatulence, water-brash, or nausea.

He tells us to lay aside all digestive aids and instead, get from any pharmacy four ounces of Jad Salts and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast while it is effervescent, and furthermore, to continue this for one week. While relief follows the first dose, it is important to neutralize the acidity, remove the gas-making mass, start the liver, stimulate the kidneys and thus promote a free flow of pure digestive juices.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and sodium phosphate. This harmless salts is used by thousands of people for stomach trouble with excellent results.

BETTER THAN CALOMEL

Thousands Have Discovered Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a Harmless Substitute.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—the substitute for calomel—are a mild but sure laxative, and their effect on the liver is almost instantaneous. They are the result of Dr. Edwards' determination not to treat liver and bowel complaints with calomel. His efforts to banish it brought out these little olive-colored tablets.

These pleasant little tablets do the good that calomel does, but have no bad after effects. They don't injure the teeth like strong liquids or calomel. They take hold of the trouble and quickly correct it. Why cure the liver at the expense of the teeth? Calomel sometimes plays havoc with the gums. So do strong liquids. It is best not to take calomel, but to let Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets take its place.

Most headaches, "dullness" and that lazy feeling come from constipation and a disordered liver. Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets when you feel "lumpy" and "heavy." Note how they "clear" clouded brain and how they "perk up" the spirits. 10c and 25c a box. All druggists.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY

TEUTON TROOPS JOIN SOCIALISTS

Volunteers and Militia, After Supporting Government, Go Over to Spartacans.

MANY KILLED IN BERLIN

Von Hindenburg Declares Plans of Allies to Give "German Inheritance" to Poland Will Be Blasted.

Berlin, March 7.—The German cabinet, in an effort to end the revolution—the crisis of which has not been passed—has agreed to constitutional recognition of the soviets as economic controllers of labor and production, it was announced in official dispatches from Weimar. A concession was also made for immediate extensive socialization of industries.

Berlin, March 7.—A portion of the republican militia and the volunteer marine division, which have been supporting the government, have gone over to the Spartacans.

Berlin, March 7.—The military situation on the eastern front is painted in blackest colors by Field Marshal von Hindenburg in an interview printed here. He declares that unless the population generally rallies to the defense of their homes and families it will be impossible to ward off attacks by bolshevik hordes.

"The expectations of the Poles and the Entente that the Poles will succeed to the German inheritance in the east will be blasted," he says. "I know the Poles and the country in the east will belong either to us or to the bolsheviks."

Spartacan Failures Claimed.

The strike situation in central Germany is unchanged and a renewed effort by the Spartacans to secure the proclamation of a general strike at Dresden and Magdeburg has failed.

Normal conditions have been restored at Halle, where the railway station was found stocked with supplies of food, clothing and other commodities which had been commandeered by the Spartacans. At Leipzig the general strike of citizens as a counter action against the industrial walkout is still going on and threatens to complicate the situation.

Berlin Battling Ended by Truce.

Copenhagen, March 7.—Both the Spartacans and the government forces lost a large number killed in fighting before police headquarters in the Alexander Platz, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Politiken. The fighting finally was ended by negotiation.

An account of the fighting given in a Berlin telegram says that the crowds before the police headquarters in Alexander Platz assumed a threatening character so that the square had to be continually cleared by government troops.

Early in the afternoon the Spartacans made an effort to smash the door of the headquarters by using hand grenades. This attack was accom-

WHO DOES THE BUYING FOR YOUR FAMILY?

There is someone in your family who has a big responsibility.

Food to buy for the table; clothes for the children and grown-ups; new household utensils, linen, furniture, books and all the hundred and one little things for which the family income is spent.

In most families, one person does the bulk of the buying. And it is that person's job to see that the money is well spent---that you all get full value for every cent that goes out.

The success of a family depends on wise buying just as the success of a business does.

Wise buying means intelligent buying. It is necessary to have knowledge of goods and stores.

The best way to get this knowledge is by reading advertisements. They tell you what is new and good. They tell you where and when to buy to advantage.

Not only the person who does the buying but every member of the family should read advertisements. It is the duty of all the others to help the one who does the buying by pointing out advertisements of new goods and giving all the information possible as to tastes and styles and values.

Advertisements are published for your benefit. Make use of them by reading them.

\$35,000 FEDERAL AID FOR HIGHWAY NO. 2

BRITISH ACCEPT AMERICAN PLAN

Indications Now Are That All Large German Warships Will Be Destroyed.

WORKING OUT DETAILS

French and Italian Views May Be Harmonized by Apportioning Some of the Vessels to Those Countries.

Paris, March 7.—The council of the great powers, with Premier Lloyd George back as head of the British delegation, Marshal Foch and the full membership of the war council present, took up the military, naval and aerial terms of German disarmament. Most of the time was given to the naval terms, which were largely settled, with several features still reserved, including the destruction of large German ships.

Premier Lloyd George was disposed to have England take part of these ships, but he yielded this view when shown that it would involve an increased naval building program in the United States.

May Apportion Some Ships. As a result of the British and American view in agreement, and as means of harmonizing the French and Italian views, it is possible that some of these ships will be apportioned to France and Italy, instead of being destroyed.

As the terms for the dismantling of the fortification of Kiel canal were causing some discussion, the council adopted a motion referring the Kiel question to the commission on waterways. The commission will now consider the whole subject, including the American reservations that the action on the Kiel canal shall not be a precedent affecting American canals and waterways capable of being used for strategic purposes.

American Proposal Adopted. The council also adopted the American proposal requiring each commission to submit with its report the specific form of an article to be presented in the peace treaty.

The purpose of this is to give the council the specific terms of a subject, instead of a lengthy report, from which the council may frame terms.

STATE DRY BILL IS ALTERED

Closing Date Left Open Subject to Federal Law.

St. Paul, Mar. 7.—Opposition to the clause in the Minnesota prohibition bill which would make it effective July 1, has resulted in a revision of the bill by the committee on temperance of the house of representatives so that the law would go into effect concurrently with federal prohibition. If passed and signed in this form the state law would go into effect July 1 only on condition that federal prohibition became effective on that date, and would become inactive if federal prohibition was withdrawn before Jan. 16, when the federal constitutional amendment becomes operative.

FOOD PROBLEM IS KNOTTY

Countries of Former Austro-Hungarian Empire Suffering.

Paris, March 7.—The council of the great powers still has before it the question of provisioning the countries of the former Austro-Hungarian empire. As a result of the closing of the Italian frontier on account of the Laibach incident only 800 tons of food now are being sent daily into these countries, although the total needs of their populations is estimated at 300,000 tons. Means to insure their provisioning to the needed extent are being sought by the council.

COXEY ORGANIZING "ARMY"

Autos Will Carry Men to Washington on "Wet" Errand.

New York, March 7.—"General" Jacob Coxey declared he proposed to lead another "army" to Washington as a protest against national prohibition. He has decided, however, he will not go on foot, but will travel in a touring car and motor transportation will be provided for all his cohorts. "General" Coxey, who is at the Waldorf Astoria, said he had discussed the project with businessmen in many cities and "most of them volunteered to enlist in his army."

CALDER IS AGAINST LEAGUE

New York Senator Announces His Opposition.

Washington, March 7.—Senator Calder of New York, Republican, who did not speak in the Senate on the league of nations, gave out a statement opposing the tentative constitution.

REAR ADMIRAL KNAPP

Will Succeed Sims as Commander in Europe.



Rear Admiral Harry S. Knapp will succeed Vice Admiral W. S. Sims as commander of the American naval forces in European waters when Admiral Sims returns to the United States about the first of April.

MAKES STRONG DENIAL

Belgian Cabinet Officer Deplores Call for Investigation.

Bitterly Resents What He Calls Detestable Slander Against Americans Who Helped.

Paris, March 7.—Emile Franqui, a member of the Belgian cabinet and at one time chairman of the Belgian national relief committee, announced that he had sent the following message to United States Senator William M. Calder at Washington, under date of March 4:

"I am shocked by reports that you have moved an investigation of the statement that some American food was sent to Belgium and northern France in such bad condition that it poisoned my countrymen. How could such lies be received seriously? "During four years of the German occupation, I, myself, was head of the organization which co-operated in Belgium with the American relief commission. I have had daily knowledge of the quality, use and effect of the precious food which saved my nation and the lives of the people in the occupied parts of France. I bitterly resent and my countrymen are filled with sorrow that responsible men should lend their ears to detestable slander against Americans who gave us four years of their life, strength and talent."

Graves of Three British Aviators in Shadows of Ancient Cedars of Lebanon



British aviators had a big part in defeating the Turk in the Holy Land. This photograph shows the graves of three airmen who were brought down during the hottest of the fighting. They were buried in the shadow of the ancient cedars of Lebanon.

County, State and Federal Government to Aid in Improving State Highway No. 2 From Brainerd to Mille Lacs County Line

Street Fighting Worse in Berlin Streets

BY FRANK J. TAYLOR, (Staff Correspondent, United Press)

Berlin March 7.—Street fighting has broken out with renewed violence here. After the rebels appeared to have been crushed and the radical leaders admitted defeat, the Spartans rallied Thursday, the general strike which almost flickered out seemed to be gaining strength today. Many republican guards were wounded in the street fighting in various parts of the city. The scenes of disorders, however, were still widely scattered.

Some radical chiefs changed their attitude on bolshevism and threaten to develop a revolution which would accomplish what the first Spartacan outbreak failed to accomplish. Government mastery of the situation so evident early Thursday, appeared at the time of ebbing to be precarious. The fighting continued as this was filed Thursday night.

Decision to Destroy Submarines Stands

(By United Press)

Paris, March 7.—Naval terms which will be incorporated in the final peace treaty have been thoroughly gone over it was learned. The decision to destroy the German submarines still stands. A decision was reserved with regard to the proposal that the Kiel canal be neutralized.

Get Food to Bohemia and German Austria

BY FRED S. FERGUSON (United Press Staff Correspondent.)

Paris, March 7.—The big five of the peace conference today took up the proposition of sending food into Bohemia and German Austria. The means of getting supplies into these districts which most urgently need them were discussed. The populations of these territories, it is felt, must be kept from going hungry, if the spread of Bolshevism is to be prevented.

In June, 1918, the commissioners of Crow Wing county applied for federal aid to be used in improving State Road No. 2 between Brainerd and the Mille Lacs county line.

The project received favorable attention from the Highway Commission due to the fact that it was on a main through state road and was a much needed improvement. Funds were promised as soon as they would be available.

Anticipating that the project would materialize, the commissioners authorized surveys to be made under direction of C. L. Motl, county engineer. These have been under way about a month and are two-thirds completed.

At the March 4th meeting the commissioners instructed the county engineer to take up this matter with the Highway Commissioner, asking for \$35,000 federal aid.

The Highway Commissioner was interviewed over the telephone on March 5th and agreed to set aside the above amount for Crow Wing county to be expended on that part of State Road No. 2 between Brainerd and the Mille Lacs county line as will be agreeable to the county, state and federal authorities.

Construction on this road will start as soon as surveys can be completed, plans drawn and approved, the preliminary requirements met and contracts let. At this time it is not possible to estimate just when the construction might start.

Battle Raged in Berlin Thursday Afternoon

BY FRANK J. TAYLOR, (United Press Staff Correspondent.)

A battle raged late Thursday afternoon in the streets around police headquarters which is besieged by the rebels. The government troops who went over to the Spartans fought with the besiegers. Both sides used machine guns. There were heavy casualties.

Private Ownership of Railroads Advocated

(By United Press)

Washington, March 7.—Private ownership with broad supervisory powers vested in the government is what Senator Cummins, of Iowa, expects as a permanent railroad policy to be enacted by the next congress he said today. Cummins will head the interstate commerce committee which will frame the new railroad law.

STEEL MAGNATES RESPOND

Accept Invitation to Co-Operate in Stabilizing Business.

New York, March 7.—Secretary Redfield's invitation to steel manufacturers to co-operate in stabilizing business conditions in the United States was accepted by representatives of the iron and steel industry at their meeting at the Waldorf-Astoria. After a full discussion of the Department of Commerce plan, it was unanimously voted to accept Mr. Redfield's proposal, and a committee appointed with full power to act on the matter.

Ohio Idle Decreasing

Columbus, Ohio, March 7.—Officials of the United States employment service in Ohio announce that this week's report on unemployment in the state would show improvement over last week. Figures received from community labor boards show 92,000 unemployed, as against 110,000 last week. Most of the unemployment, according to state officials, is in Cleveland and other large industrial centers on account of the cancellation of war contracts, which has caused many industries to close.

Drastic Military Terms Will be Imposed on Germany

(By United Press)

Paris, March 7.—Final military terms to be imposed upon Germany probably will be even more drastic than those proposed by the supreme war council, Capt. Andre Tardieu, commissioner of Franco-American relations told the United Press. That while the representatives of the five great powers had practically agreed on naval terms, they had not yet agreed on military terms, because it seems the unanimous desire that they should be even more stringent than the supreme war council proposed. With regard to the question of whether the league of nations covenant shall be included in the peace treaty which Germany will be asked to sign, Tardieu explained that the covenant itself would be first signed by the allies, and later, when admitted to the league by Germany.

Refuse Use of Ships Unless Given Supplies

(By United Press)

Paris, March 7.—The flat refusal of Germany to permit its ships to be used for homeward transportation of American troops unless a food supply to last until the next harvest is first guaranteed by the allies, confronted the peace delegates of the great powers this afternoon.

Demands Immediate Session of Congress

(By United Press)

Minneapolis, March 7.—Will Hays, chairman of the national republican committee today demanded an immediate session of congress be called.

Two Transports Arrive in New York

(By United Press)

New York, March 7.—The transport Mexican with 25000 men and the Elucidant with 10000 men arrived today.

Italian General Presenting Valor Medals to Fathers of U. S. Aviators Killed in Italy



Lieutenant De Witt Coleman, Jr., of Tenafly, N. J., and Lieutenant James Bahl of Wooster, O., were in the aerial service of the United States army. Both lost their lives in action in Italy. General Guglielmotti of the Italian Military Mission is seen here presenting to the fathers of these aviator heroes medals for valor bestowed by the Italian government. The presentation was made at the City Hall, New York, in the name of the King of Italy.

QUEEN MARIE

Wife of Roumanian Ruler Arrives in Paris.



Queen Marie of Roumania, accompanied by her daughters, the Princesses Elizabeth, Marie and Helena, have arrived in Paris. They received a warm welcome.

GATHER NEXT TUESDAY

Director Hines Arranges Conference With Bankers.

Problem of Financing Railways Will Be the Subject Discussed at Meeting.

Washington, March 7.—Director General Hines determined to call a conference of leading bankers and railway corporation representatives in Washington next Tuesday to discuss possible solutions of the problem created by failure of congress to appropriate funds for the railroad administration.

While regarding it as probable that no definite decision will be reached at the conference, officials believed the meeting might result in further negotiations with groups of bankers. Reports reached Washington that several bankers had discussed the advisability of establishing a bankers' pool to lend as much as \$100,000,000 to railroad interests. This plan, however, has not been presented to the railroad administration, it is said.

Regional directors of the railroad administration and a number of federal managers discussed the financial situation faced by railroads at a conference called before the predicament developed.

The directors also went over a draft of the new wage scale for employees of the four leading railway brotherhoods, designed to restore differentials existing before the general wage advance. This will be announced shortly.

Paradox. Said the facetious observer, "After all there are few things that make a girl's heart warm toward you like cream."

BORAH DEMANDS VOTE OF PEOPLE

Three Senators Play League of Nations Plan in Addresses at New York.

AMERICA IS MENACED

Reed of Missouri Declares That Construction of League Is Autocratic and That Americans Have Been Misled.

New York, March 7.—Senators Reed of Missouri, Borah of Idaho, and Thomas of Colorado, in addresses before the Society of Arts and Sciences here, voiced opposition in varying degrees to the league of nations as outlined in the tentative covenant brought home by President Wilson.

Senator Borah declared that "those who have wrecked Europe for 300 years have absolute control of the proposed league of nations," and demanded that the question of America's entry into the league be decided by a plebiscite of the people.

Senator Thomas urged that the formation of a world league be postponed until after the conclusion of peace and that a league plan then be worked out "calmly and in the light of experience gained from the peace settlement."

Calls Construction Autocratic. Senator Reed declared the construction of the league was "essentially autocratic," that the American people had been "misled regarding it and that it was high time patriots aroused themselves to the hidden and sinister purposes of the undertaking."

Calling attention to the fact that the United States would have but one vote in the executive council of the proposed league, while Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan each would have one vote, Senator Borah declared that "if there arose a conflict between European policies and American policies, there would be one Asiatic vote, three European votes and but a single American vote."

"Not Nation League at All." "The power of war or peace," he declared, "would rest with five diplomats, three of them European, sitting behind closed doors."

"It is not a league of nations at all but a league of representatives of certain nations, holding in their hands the power of peace and war without any check by the masses who have to fight."

Article 10, providing that each nation in the league shall guarantee the territorial integrity of all members, he said, was the only clear provision in the constitution. "And I have no doubt who wrote that. It was not the American delegates."

Asserting he had been asked what he would offer in place of the league, he declared he had to offer "The intense nationalism of Washington, of Monroe, of Lincoln, of Theodore Roosevelt."

"America should live her own life" he continued.

MEANS TO FINANCE ROADS

Director General Hines Confers With Eugene Meyer, Jr.

Washington, March 7.—Ways and means of financing railroads without a government appropriation were discussed by Director General Hines and Eugene Meyer, Jr., managing director of the War Finance Corporation. They prepared to ascertain to what extent the \$37,000,000 available in the finance corporation's fund might be used as loans to individual railroads, to be paid by the roads to the government on account of advances previously made to them.

SURPLUS STOCK OF COPPER

Producers Will Dispose of Large Government Supply.

Washington, March 7.—A tentative agreement has been reached between copper producers and the war department under which the producers will sell the government's surplus stock at prevailing market prices, charging only the actual cost of selling.

In making this announcement the war department officials said the government's surplus stocks would be distributed within 15 months in connection with producers' stocks.

OFFICERS TO BE REDUCED

About a Score Will Assume Their Former Rank Soon.

Washington, March 7.—Nearly a score of general officers will revert to their rank in the regular army under orders which will become effective within the next few days. Included in the list, it is understood, is Brig. Gen. Samuel T. Ansell, former acting judge advocate general and a prominent figure in the recent controversy over the question of military justice.

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THE WEATHER
Weather Forecast for Next 24 Hours:
Moderating.
Co-operative observer' record, 6
P. M.—
March 6, maximum 11, minimum
14 below. Reading in evening, 10.
Southwest wind. Cloudy. Trace
snow. Precipitation trace.
March 7, minimum during night,
17.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

For Spring Water phone 264
Leonard Parker is a new bellhop
at the Ransford
Crystal Spring Water, \$1.00 month.
L. Bourassa, Telephone 13. 541m
The Imgrund Auto Co. sold two
trucks on the range.

For bargains in houses and lots,
see J. R. Smith Sleeper Block. 2261f
George W. Putnam of Minneapolis
was in the city today.

It is reported flour is about to ad-
vance 25c to 40c a barrel.
Earl Jenkins is sick at his home
suffering from a severe cold.

While they last, four player rolls
for One Dollar. Hall Music House.
2321f

Mrs. E. E. Titus of Nymore is vis-
iting at the home of Frank Titus.

A mass meeting of organized labor
will be held Sunday, March 9th, 1919
at 2:30 P. M., at the Trades & Labor
hall, to nominate candidates for city
office, at the spring election in Brain-
erd, Minn. It is very important that
all union men attend this mass meet-
ing. 23242

Mrs. W. J. Murphy, son and daugh-
ter of Atkin, were visitors in the
city.

ATTENTION FARMERS! Have
you any onions? Call 547, Brainerd
Fruit Co. 2331f

Mrs. Lester Hitt has returned
home from a short visit in Fergus
Falls.

Reiko Brothers have sold a num-
ber of Dodge cars and are also plac-
ing Oldsmobiles.

James R. Smith, real estate man,
has been several days in Minneapolis
on business matters.

F. W. Woolworth Co. 40th Anni-
versary Sale all next week. Souven-
ir book free. 23244-1111w

Miss Helen Sykora is the new cash-
ier at the Model Market, having suc-
ceeded Miss Genevieve McCabe.

Mrs. L. C. Overley of Granite Falls,
Wash., is visiting at the home of her
parents, arriving in the city Thurs-
day.

Dance at Finnish hall Saturday
night, March 8th. Music by Blue
Ribbon Orchestra. 23313p

John Smith returned this morning
from Brainerd where he had been
visiting relatives.—Little Falls Trans-
cript.

A chimney fire at the home of Dr.
Joseph Nicholson, 324 North Broad-
way, was quickly extinguished by the
fire department.

Mrs. R. D. Warner, 23 Bluff Ave.,
underwent a successful operation

BROCKMAN FUR FACTORY
Furs Made to Order and
Repaired
712 Front Street BRAINERD, MINN

yesterday and is getting along as
nicely as can be expected.

R. D. Stitzel, head of the Brainerd
Commercial College, has returned
from Waterloo, Iowa, where he was
called by the sickness of his mother.

Three fine cakes for your Sunday
dinner: Wild Rose, English Lunch
Cake, Toasted Coconut Cake. Eric-
son Bros. Bakery. 23412

Mayor R. A. Beise, chairman of the
Republican congressional committee
and Frank G. Hall of the Brainerd
Tribune, local oil inspector, and
chairman of the county committee,
have gone to St. Paul to attend the
Republican rally.

Ask your grocer for "Occident
Flour." Costs more—worth it. 23216

Fred Fogel, twenty-five years ago
employed by the Howe Lumber Co. in
Brainerd and now located in East
Grand Forks is in the city visiting.
He is employed by the Robertson
Lumber Co. Mr. Fogel has land in-
terests in Aitkin county.

Insist on having Occident Flour.
None better. Ask your grocer for it.
23216

The first ward citizens will meet
tonight in the council rooms of the
city hall and discuss the waterworks
proposition. The Water and Light
board will have speakers and data to
explain the local situation and the
need for voting yes on the bond issue.

Occident Flour costs a little more
than other flours. It is made for
those people who care enough about
bread to notice the difference in dif-
ferent kinds. 23216

Dispatch want ads continue to re-
cord achievements in the recovery of
lost articles. Woman lost her purse
and quickly found it by using a want
ad. Another lady rented some rooms
by the use of a want ad run two days.

Lady advertised to have three trees
chopped down and ten men respond-
ed. Handy man wanted at the
Ransford brought so many responses
that Manager Ernest Butler stopped
the ad after running it only one time.

**SCHOOL BOARDS,
RURAL TEACHERS**

Have Session Friday at the Chamber
of Commerce. Listen to the
Addresses Made

STATE OFFICIALS ARE HERE

J. M. McConnell, State Superintend-
ent of Public Instruction, Spoke
of Consolidated Schools

Rural school board officers and rural
teachers, close to 200 in the ag-
gregate, heard addresses and took
part in a round table discussion at
the Chamber of Commerce Friday
meeting at the call of the County
Superintendent of Schools Mrs. Irma
Camp Hartley.

J. M. McConnell, State Superin-
tendent of Public Instruction, spoke
on the value of consolidated schools.
J. M. Cesander, his assistant, also
spoke. Problems of teaching, of re-
taining the attention of pupils, of
inculcating knowledge, were consid-
ered.

H. P. Michael, head of the War
Savings Stamps campaign in the
county, spoke briefly.

The crowd in the Chamber filled
the main room and extended into the
billiard room. Some of the speakers
were masters of their subjects, but
their voices had poor carrying power
and teachers and others in rear seats
missed many of the good points
brought out by not being able to
hear the speaker.

On Saturday the Teachers' associ-
ation meets at the high school and
will hold its election of officers.

FUNERAL ON SATURDAY

Services Over Remains of Mrs. F. M.
Hagberg at Presbyterian
Church

The funeral services for Mrs. F. M.
Hagberg will be held in the Presby-
terian church tomorrow at 2 o'clock.
Rev. W. J. Lowrie will have charge.
It was originally planned to hold this
service at 2:30 but this has been
changed to the hour mentioned.

Mrs. Bloomquist, a sister, and Con-
rad Peterson, a brother of the de-
ceased, are expected to arrive in the
city this evening on the midnight
train. Some of the far distant re-
latives will not be able to come.

The pall bearers who will serve
tomorrow are as follows: Carl Ad-
ams, G. W. Chadbourne, J. E. Brady,
P. A. Johnson, Ray Paine and Ben
Armstrong.

Expressions of sympathy are voiced
on every hand for the bereaved
family. The circumstances of death
were exceptionally sad, the husband
and daughter were afflicted with the
same sickness and lay in adjoining
rooms yet neither had strength to
answer her last call for their pres-
ence.

The nurses who are attending them
report that both are now out of
danger and it is hoped they will soon
be restored to health.



**Pretty New Coats
and Suits**
Correct in Style and Price
**For the Discriminating
Woman**

Murphy's
THE STORE OF QUALITY



WETS DOUBLE VOTE IN YEAR

Vermont Elections Show Big Increase
in Licenses.

Montpelier, Vt., March 7.—Revision
of the votes cast in town and city
elections in Vermont on the license
question showed the number of com-
munities voting for licenses was more
than double that of last year. Twenty-
five cities and towns sent in returns
showing that they had favored a li-
cense policy, as against eleven last
year.

Changes from no license to license
were made in Burlington, Montpelier,
St. Albans City, St. Johnsbury, North-
field, Roxbury, Mount Tabor, Benson,
Hubbardston, Danby, Fairfax, High
Gate, Swanton, Hartford, and Wards-
boro. No changes from license to no
license were reported.

BISHOPS SAIL TO SEE POPE

Episcopal Prelates Seek Aid in Form-
ing World Union.

Baltimore, March 7.—Three bishops
of the Protestant Episcopal church
have sailed from New York on the
Aquitania on their way to Rome, where
they will wait on Pope Benedict at the
Vatican and solicit his co-operation in
the movement for a union of the
churches of the world.

It will be the first time since the
reign of Henry VIII that Anglican bish-
ops have gone on an official mission
to the head of the Roman Catholic
church.

DAILY MARKET REPORT

Minneapolis Grain.
Minneapolis, March 7.—Oats, May,
60c; Rye, May, \$1.46 1/2; Barley
choice, 90¢; 94c. Corn, No. 3 white
\$1.25@1.26; No. 3 yellow, \$1.29@1.30.

Duluth Flax.
Duluth, March 7.—Flaxseed, May,
\$3.70; July, \$3.55.

Chicago Grain.
Chicago, March 7.—Corn, March,
\$1.36 1/2; May, \$1.30 1/2; July, \$1.26 1/2.
Oats, March, 59¢; May, 61¢; July, 60¢.

South St. Paul Live Stock.
South St. Paul, March 7.—Estimated
receipts at the Union Stock Yards:
Cattle, 3,100; calves, 1,400; hogs, 14,
000; sheep, 4,000; horses, 1; cars, 235.
Steers, \$8@16.50; cows, \$7@11; calves,
\$5.25@16.25; hogs, \$17.40@17.60;
sheep and lambs, \$5@18.75.

Chicago Live Stock.
Chicago, March 7.—U. S. Bureau of
Markets.—Hogs—Receipts, 21,000;
bulk of sales, \$18.10@18.45; butchers,
\$18.15@18.35; light, \$17.45@18.25;
packing, \$17.25@18.15; throwouts,
\$16.75@17.25; pigs, good to choice,
\$15@17. Cattle—Receipts, 6,000; beef
cattle, good to choice and prime, \$15.50
@22; common and medium, \$10.50@
16.50; butcher stock, cows and heifers,
\$7.50@15.50; canners and cutters,
\$5.75@7.50.

Minneapolis Butter, Eggs and Poultry.
Minneapolis, March 7.—BUTTER—
Extras, 53c; extra firsts, 50c; firsts,
49c; seconds, 48c; dairies, 38c; pack-
ing, 35c.
EGGS—Fresh, prime firsts, new
cases, free from rots, small, dirties and
checks out, per doz, 39c; current re-
ceipts, rots out, \$11.10; checks and sec-
onds, doz, 32c; dirties, candied, doz,
32c; quotations on eggs include cases.

LIVE POULTRY.—Turkeys, fat, 10
lbs and over, 28c; thin, small, cripples
and culls, unsalable; stags and cocks,
20c; ducks, 23c; geese, 1b, 20c; hens,
4 lbs and over, 27c; under 4 lbs, 23c;
spring, young, smooth, 25c; guineas,
doz, \$6.

New York Butter and Eggs.
New York, March 7.—Butter ad-
vanced 1c. Boatmen's strike is play-
ing havoc with deliveries and fancy
butter is scarce and wanted. Buyers
paying almost any price to fill orders.
Market excited.
Eggs also a cent higher. Arrivals
appear liberal, but the available supply
is small. The whole harbor is tied up
and sellers control the situation.

Southern to Open April 24.
Memphis, Tenn., March 7.—The
Southern association season will open
April 24 and close Sept. 7, according
to a tentative schedule completed by
the league's schedule committee. A
total of 140 games will be played.

Granted Divorce Decree.
White Plains, N. Y., March 7.—A
final decree of divorce in favor of Mrs.
Douglas Fairbanks, wife of the motion
picture actor, was signed by State
Supreme Court Justice Young.

Doesn't Need Leap Years.
The right kind of girl doesn't need
leap year in her business.—Montreal
Star.

YANKEE FORCE INTERVENES

Stops Clash Between Jugo-Slavs and
Italians.

Washington, March 7.—American
forces in the Adriatic have intervened
in a clash between Jugo-Slavs and
Italians at Spalato, according to Rome
diplomatic circles.

Croatian soldiers attacked members
of an Italian mission headed by the
admiral, it was said, when the mission
came ashore from a battleship to ad-
dress a gathering of Italian citizens.

The admiral appealed to the Ameri-
cans in the port to avoid bloodshed,
he believed would have followed the
landing of an Italian relief force, the
advises stated.

The Americans are declared by the
Rome cable to have protected the re-
turn of the Italian mission to its ship
and to have forced the Croats to board
the vessel and apologize for the at-
tack.

TANKS IN LOAN CAMPAIGN

To Be used to Carry Orators in Next
Drive.

Washington, March 7.—More than
200 fast American fighting tanks have
been lent by the war department to
the Liberty Loan organization to be
sent scurrying over city streets and
country roads during the Victory Loan
campaign as advertising features. Be-
tween 12 and 29 will be assigned to
each Federal Reserve district, to be
routed by district managers. Each
of the five-ton tanks, managed by two
soldiers and armed with machine guns,
will carry loan orators in addition.
Most of these machines were in this
country when the armistice was
signed.

Whiteman Sold to Toronto's Club.
Boston, March 7.—The sale of
George Whiteman, the outfielder who
was the star of the last world's series,
to the Toronto club of the International
league, was announced by Manager
Barrow of the Boston Americans.
Whiteman came to Boston from Toron-
to two years ago.

332,000 Roumanians Died in War.
Paris, March 7.—The Roumanian
press bureau announces that 332,000
Roumanian combatants in the war
were killed or died from wounds.

In a Restaurant.
"Waiter, bring me a glass of water.
I want to strengthen this soup."

**McKibbin
hals**



**Promises
Performed**

BYE & PETERSON CO.,
BRAINERD, MINN.

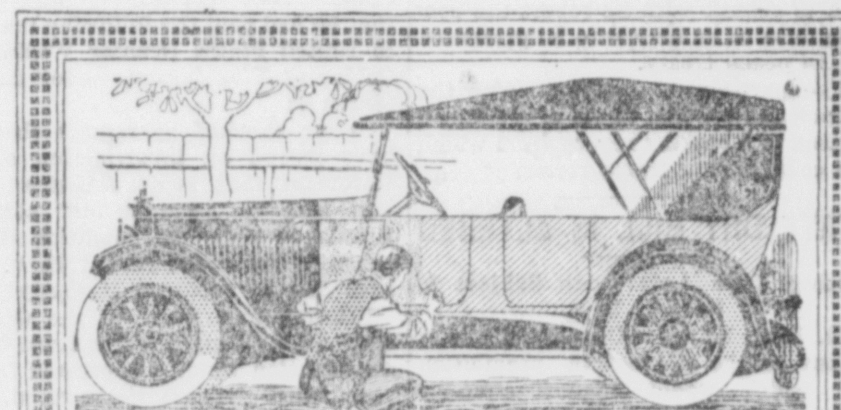
HARDWARE

Every person building a new house
or remodeling an old one should
pay particular attention to the selec-
tion of the hardware—no detail is
of more importance.

Therefore, we wish to announce
that you will make no mistake by
coming to us.

Slipp-Gruenhagen Co.

The Store of Dependable Hardware
Phone 104 217-218 Seventh St. S.



**Refinish Your Car
the Berry Way**

A Full Line of Finishes at

WHITE BROTHERS

Telephone 57 616 Laurel St.

Guard the Children's Health
Mrs. Eflaw, Box 26, Bennett, Wis.
writes: We have always used Foley's
Money and Tar for colds and find it
great. The children all run for it
when they see the bottle and ask for
more. Contains no opiates, safe,
and harmless, but gives prompt re-
lief to coughs, colds, croup and
whooping cough. H. P. Dunn. mwf

KAMPMANN & SON
Phone 182
BRAINERD MINN.

**We Got 'Em
Dancing and Supper Tickets
We Got 'Em**

**CAPITAL \$100,000
SURPLUS \$50,000**
**FIRST
NATIONAL
BANK**
BRAINERD, MINN.
ESTABLISHED 1881

Your Banking Business Solicited
Interest paid on time and Savings Deposits
G. D. LaBar President
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B. L. Lagerquist, Ass't Cashier
A. P. Drogseth, Ass't Cashier
A. C. Mraz, Ass't Cashier

WOMAN'S REALM

STAGE ARTISTS NAMED FOR PLAY

Mrs. George F. Murphy and Miss Caroline Morrison to Assist in "Elopement of Ellen"

ST. PATRICK'S DAY PLAY MAR. 17

Assistants Will be Misses Hazel Robinson, Mildred O'Brien, Irene Quinn, Geraldine Kiebler

Mrs. George F. Murphy and Miss Caroline Morrison have been appointed by Miss Marie Clark as stage artists for the St. Patrick's day play, "The Elopement of Ellen."

Both ladies are widely known for their keen sense of the artistic. The play opens a broad field for such work, so from a point of beauty and proportion alone the comedy will be well worth attending.

The Misses Hazel Robinson, Mildred O'Brien, Irene Quinn and Geraldine Kiebler are to be the capable assistants.

It may of interest to the public to know that the "Elopement of Ellen" was made a tremendous success as a local talent show in Minneapolis not long ago under the direction of Miss Maude Moore, a prominent dramatist of that city.

Tickets are now on sale at Dunn's drug store.

At the Best Today

Tom Moore makes his third appearance as a star in Goldwyn Pictures at the Best theatre today in "Go West, Young Man" by Willard Mack. Chosen carefully to present him to his admirers in a new guise, there seems little doubt that he will surprise and please them in the story of a scion of wealth who quarrels with his father and starts out to see the world. It is not from the window of a parlor car that Dick Latham does this, but from the "blind baggage" of a freight train in company with a crowd of hoboes.

In a far Western town his real adventures begin, however, the first of which is when the office of sheriff is thrust upon him by a scheming politician who plans to use Dick as a tool to mask his own nefarious doings. The actions of the tenderfoot sheriff constitute the most amusing moments of "Go West, Young Man."

But Dick is as true to himself as he is to the responsibilities of his new job and when the time comes he refuses to heed the warning sent him by one of the men associated with his supposed patron. Instead, Dick becomes a real reformer, cleaning up the town, seeing to it that a certain girl, whom he wins for his own, is not done out of her property.

Bridge Parties

Mrs. W. S. McClenahan and Mrs. George Whitney entertained at bridge Monday afternoon at the home of the former on Bluff avenue. There were five tables, and the prize was taken by Mrs. Jay O'Brien. They also entertained a bridge party Tuesday afternoon at the McClenahan home, and there were five tables, Mrs. Wm. L. Taylor winning the prize.



KIMBALL PIANOS

PRE-EMINENT in the home—more than 300,000 in use.

PRAISED by world-famous musicians.

PERFECT in tone and action.

POPULARLY endorsed for durability.

PLEASING variety in case design.

The KIMBALL is manufactured in all its parts in the factories of the W. W. Kimball Company—hence is safely guaranteed.

Easy Terms

Liberty Bonds Taken at Par.

Hall Music Co.

Phone 1161

710 Laurel

For Mrs. Burfeind

Mrs. Louis Hohman entertained this afternoon in honor of Mrs. Burfeind of Lake City, mother of Mrs. Russell Cass.

Bethlehem Evangelical Church

(Cor. Main and Bluff)
Lenten services will be held this evening at 7:30 P. M., text, Luke 23, 34, "The first word from the cross." Come, you will be heartily welcomed. J. H. Bunge, pastor.

"Merry Ramblers"

The ladies of Trommald have organized a social club to be known as the "Merry Ramblers." The officers are Mrs. L. B. Cunningham, president; Mrs. L. W. Merritt, secretary; Mrs. Leo Frazer, treasurer.

Miss Kronberg Entertained

Miss Mae Belle Kronberg entertained at dinner Saturday at her home, her guests being friends who motored from Ironton, the Misses Leona Toben and Marjorie Nash and Messrs. Rose, Zwetz and Thrall.

For Miss MacDonald

Miss Jeanette McDonald, a clerk in the O'Brien Mercantile Co. store, was entertained at dinner at the Ransford hotel Sunday evening by nine girls employed in the store. She was given a handsome present. Miss McDonald leaves Monday to take a position in a store at Billings, Montana.

Miss Morken Entertains

Miss Violet Morken of North 9th street on March 5, entertained at her home a number of girl friends, the occasion being her birthday. A six o'clock supper was served by Mrs. Morken. The evening was spent in playing games and music. Miss Morken received many beautiful gifts. All had a pleasant time.

Surprise Party

Miss Fowler of the Lincoln school was surprised on Thursday evening by the girls of the B-8th grade. The following were present: Miss Foley, Myrtle Hostager, Daisy Backen, Ethel Johnson, Marion Hall, Hazel Kuehn-michel, Jennie Hanson, Silvie Holst, Elizabeth Carlson, Ida Fredstrom, Jewell Weber and Anna Tollefson. The evening was spent in playing games and music, after which a dainty lunch was served.

At the Best Tomorrow

While she appears in a considerable portion of her new Paramount picture, "Quicksand," as a cabaret singer, Dorothy Dalton, the beautiful Thomas H. Ince star, is in reality cast for the role of a devoted wife, who only adapts this character in order to support her husband and to strive for some means of learning the truth concerning her husband who is falsely accused of crime.

Engagement Announced

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Katherine Bruhn of Minneapolis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Bruhn of Brainerd, to LeRoy E. Gilhouse, traveling auditor of the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie railway.

The bride to be is well known in Brainerd, where she spent her girlhood. The wedding is to take place in May. After a trip to the Pacific coast, the young couple will locate at Detroit, Minn., that being the center of Mr. Gilhouse's territory.

Young Peoples Society

The Young Peoples society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet tonight at the church parlors at 8 o'clock and will be entertained by Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Swanson.

The following program will be rendered.

Vocal solo.....Ethel Thomas
Piano Duet.....Elsie Hedlund, Jennie Carlson
Recitation.....Mrs. Chas. Koskinen
Violin solo.....Fein Hitt
Vocal duet.....Esther Fogelstrom, John Bye

BOHEMIANS FIGHT GERMANS

Teutons Try to Elect Delegates to Austrian Assembly.

Vienna, March 7.—There have been sanguinary engagements between Czech soldiers and citizens in numerous towns in German Bohemia, according to reports received here.

The trouble started when the Germans started to hold elections for the Austrian national assembly in Vienna, which the Czech government prohibited because Bohemia is Czech territory. The Germans organized many manifestations against Czech rule and the Czechs used rifles and bayonets in suppressing the demonstrations.

OUR WANT ADS. WORK WONDERS



No. 1—Cartwheel hat with crown of black satin and brim of straw slightly rolled up on itself back and front. It is trimmed with an immense bunch of paradise.

No. 2—Palestine turban of copper-colored tulle with a jeweled sword run through the front. The material is wrapped around the head and worn low over the eyes.

No. 3—Street turban of French blue taffeta with a wide bandeau of black straw. Alsatian bow of taffeta at side.

No. 4—Restaurant hat of chestnut-colored tulle gathered to a wire edge at the brim. It is trimmed with a rocco rose with gilded leaves.

HATS THAT START SPRING FASHIONS

Headgear Styles Made Up of Fads of Long Ago.

BOBBED HAIR FOR ALL AGES

Florentine Coiffure Is No Longer a Caprice of the Extremists—Milliners Decide They Must Meet the New Demand.

New York.—Yankee Doodle, who stuck a feather in his cap and called it "macaroni," thereby creating a slang word for a gayly dressed man which has gone over two continents and lived in history, could not have felt prouder than the French king who put a piece of straw over his head to keep away the rain, and created hats.

Both the feather and the straw were trivial incidents in the life of each of these characters (for the satire on Yankee Doodle was rhymed around a man), but they were the foundation stones of millinery.

Women have always pilfered from men their tricks of apparel, asserts a fashion writer. They are snag little thieves, women, when it comes to petty pilfering from those who consider themselves superior beings. After all, it is a form of coquetry, and women discovered centuries ago that nothing so pleased a man as to do what he did, say what he said, and hold on to his hand socially, financially, politically and mentally. A woman might hate another woman for stealing her fashions, but a man would only look with more prideful adoration upon a woman who fashioned her clothes after his.

Nothing so delighted the French kings, the great and haughty Bourbons, as the fact that their women did what they did in clothes. They gave them their magnificent brocaded coats with the full skirts, the knee-length waistcoats, the precious lace ruffles and the silver and diamond buttons as a guide to their apparel. They allowed them to borrow their coiffures in order to have their hair perfumed, powdered and curled. They saw themselves reflected, as in mirrors, by the groups of women surrounding them.

The milliners have not permitted themselves to be limited by any one period of history. They have dipped with eager, curious hands into all the ashes and embers of the planet's past and produced for the modern woman a jumble of things that were once worn by her predecessors.

It makes for the gaiety of a crowd, this bobbing up and down of hats from Babylon to the French trenches.

There is nothing dull in millinery today. If one could get together all the hats worn on the American continent, classify them, and divide them into chapters, one would be presented with a sartorial history of the world. Novelities in Dyed Suede.

Here and there one sees a new material attached to an old shape. Such is the case when dyed suede is used for an oblong turban, with its surface perforated in an edelweiss design taken from the Swiss Alps and copied from the patterns used in the Madeira islands. Right here you have a jumble of people and nationalities all in one tiny cap tilted over the left eyebrow of a girl. These suede caps are dyed bright pink, horizon blue and pottery red. Their sole ornamentation is the perforation.

Someone has insisted that the revival of perforated designs on all our clothes came through the use of paper napkins in the war. Good thought, but hardly true. Whatever the source, the fashion is here. The milliners may have originated it, but the dressmakers borrowed it over-

night, for the midseason frocks of white broadcloth and velvet, or beige-colored gabardine and black taffeta, are perforated along their edges in set designs.

It is too late to talk of the Alsatian bow, for it was obvious that the milliners would revive it; but a certain woman of distinction started a fashion for it that the milliners quickly looked upon with envy.

She came to lunch in a restaurant wearing the genuine Alsatian bow, black and immense, placed across the middle of her head, with a mere apology of a little cloth cap in front of it. It stood upward and outward, and her hair was coiled high behind it. This was the real thing, and her daring made her the target of all eyes. It may be that the Alsatian bow in this form will be introduced for the evening. Let us hope that it will never appear at the theater. At the present rate of prices and the scarcity of seats, the addition of a hundred or so Alsatian bows in the audience would be the straw on the camel's back.

Charlotte Corday Cap.

The Charlotte Corday cap, minus its bow, has been introduced for the South and is taken up by the North. It is made of brilliant, dark tulle, always double, but entirely transparent. The best one is in copper tulle, its high crown trimmed at the base with a twist of tulle and one of those rocco red roses with gold outer petals and leaves which have been brought into fashion by a well-known designer of individual evening gowns.

The transparent hat is beyond question one of the smart fashions of the hour. It means that the coiffure must come back into orderliness and loveliness. The crowns of these hats are often high and gently manipulated by the fingers to give grace, and one of the best French hats takes the crown of the American doughboy hat as its model.

As brown rules in velling, so it seems to rule in these tulle hats. It is often in the color that the French call "marron," that chestnut brown which is soft and becoming. Over there smart women wear stockings of that color with black slippers, even in evening dress, and they like it in all the accessories. Over here we are just beginning to grasp its importance. The milliners believe that in copper and chestnut, the brown hat will rule the spring season.

Hats and Bobbed Hair.

The Florentine coiffure is no longer a caprice of the extremists; it is no longer a sensational bit of bravado. The war has insisted it as a strong fashion. Women with gray hair wear it bobbed to the nape of the neck or curled under to appear as though it were cut. Girls with every shade of half wear it. Matrons with half-grown children adopt it. So the milliners, after a frantic wringing of the hands, have decided that they must meet this new demand. There must be a large and creative impulse for hats that will go with this Florentine coiffure. The broad, flat hat of Naples has been brought out and is adopted by one young matron whose face figures in half the periodicals of the day, and her side companion, who also wears the ancient Italian hair cut, adopts the Florentine velvet hat with its trimming of two rows of coral beads.

It must be admitted that the women themselves have seen to it that they look well in any type of hat with this bobbed hair, whether it be turban or flat brim. They cannot, of course, wear hats of exceeding dignity, but they try a certain type of distinguished hat which is considered the leading thing by the milliners; and they carry it off with great skill. This is the immense black-thread lace hat, transparent, with its broad Alsatian bow wired across the front. This is the hat that will supersede, for the spring, the upturned, many pointed, theatrical hat of silk plush and velvet, with its aigrettes.

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WHERE PRICE & QUALITY MEET
Lammon's
THE STORE WITH A CONSCIENCE
BRAINERD MINN.

CANDY "the boxes hold more"

When you buy a pound of candy note carefully whether you buy a pound with a box or a pound of candy and a box. Our boxes hold more candy, a full pound of candy in a beautifully attractive box in every case. The candies are the most delicious on the market. Altogether they are the most desirable purchases.

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS FOR NYAL, A. D. S. AND SAN-TOX REMEDIES



Start Your Garden Indoors

ARE you thinking of that vegetable garden you are going to have next summer--those rows of tomatoes, heads of cabbage and cauliflower, peppers for pickles and salads, all of which supply so much for the daily bill of fare?

Some varieties should be sown indoors now so as to be ready for transplanting on the arrival of warm weather.

The best results are secured from seeds of known quality. Northrup, King & Co.'s seeds have been carefully grown, selected, and tested by experts. These seeds have behind them a thirty-five years' history of successful yield and quality. You can depend upon them.

Dealers in nearly every community sell Northrup, King & Co.'s seeds. Plan your garden early and place your order now.

NORTHRUP, KING & Co's SEEDS MINNEAPOLIS MINNESOTA

"Grass Widows"

The term "Grass Widow" very likely originated from the wording of a Canon law of the eleventh century, which ordained that a widow should remain "under God's protection and grace" for a full year after her husband's death, and then marry if she pleased. Such women were "widows of grace," and in later parish registers they are described as "Grass Widows." In the time of Sir Thomas More the term "grass widow" was applied to unmarried mothers, and in this sense it was used in most of the Teutonic languages. In modern times the term lost that approach, and has been applied to the wives of men long absent from home. Another explanation of its origin is found here in the United States. During the days of gold rushes it was common for men to leave their wives until they had made enough to start a home in the West, and this, in the picturesque speech of the time, was termed "putting one's widow out to grass."

Waste of Good Timber.

Many complaints are heard because Christmas trees were so scarce this season that only a few could buy them. Railroaded could not haul them until the eleventh hour, and high prices, as well as the small supply, barred trees from many homes.

Trees adapted to Christmas use have survived the ills and perils of infant life. Barring accidents, they are sure to live, grow and freshen. It is saggery, if one views it rightly, to destroy them. Yet men who would not burn a full-grown tree back down tree-logs without pity or remorse. But if we are to have trees for all time, young trees must be saved.—Milwaukee Journal.

Wholesome Don't.

Don't lose your temper. It is of far more importance to keep good tempered and undisturbed even if things do go a little wrong than to set the nerves of the whole family on edge because of some omission.

AN OLD RECIPE TO DARKEN HAIR

Sage Tea and Sulphur Turns Gray, Faded Hair Dark and Glossy.

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is messy and troublesome. Nowadays we simply ask at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound." You will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients, at very little cost. Everybody uses this preparation now, because no one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, thick and glossy and you look years younger. Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

GET MORE HEAT FROM COAL

Georgia Man Has Formula Which He Says Will Get Maximum Warmth From Fuel.

Decatur, Ga.—The following formula for getting the maximum amount of heat out of coal is by L. F. Scott:

First, get the coal. Put three pounds of soda or saleratus in four gallons of water. Dissolve and sprinkle over coal in sufficient quantity to leave same frosted, when solution evaporates.

If the coal does not now burn brightly and give off more heat there is something the matter with the soda.

DRINK HOT TEA FOR A BAD COLD

Get a small package of Hamburg Breast Tea at any pharmacy. Take a teaspoonful of the tea, put a cup of boiling water upon it, pour through a sieve and drink a teaspoon full at any time during the day or before retiring. It is the most effective way to break a cold and cure grip, as it opens the pores of the skin, relieving congestion. Also loosens the bowels, thus driving a cold from the system.

RUB BACKACHE AND LUMBAGO RIGHT OUT

Rub Pain and Stiffness away with a small bottle of old honest St. Jacobs Liniment

When your back is sore and lame or lumbago, sciatica or rheumatism has you stiffened up, don't suffer! Get a 50 cent bottle of old, honest "St. Jacobs Liniment" at any drug store, pour a little in your hand and rub it right into the pain or ache and by the time you count fifty, the soreness and lameness is gone.

Don't stay crippled! This soothing, penetrating oil needs to be used only once. It takes the ache and pain right out of your back and ends the misery. It is magical, yet absolutely harmless and doesn't burn the skin.

Nothing else stops lumbago, sciatica and lame back misery so promptly!

Spring Cleaning Time is Here

If a house needs spring cleaning, how about the human body after a winter of indoor life and heavy food? Don't suffer from indigestion, biliousness, bad breath, bloating, gas or constipation, when relief can be so easily had. Foley Cathartic Tablets clean stomach and bowels and tone up the liver. H. P. Dunn.

mw

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By the Brainerd Dispatch Co.

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FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1919



PRIVATE VS. PUBLIC OWNERSHIP

There are always those who believe in private ownership of public works in preference to municipal ownership. The question you vote on April 1st is NOT which ownership you prefer. Do not vote against the bond issue believing, in doing so, that you will get an opportunity later to consider having private companies build for you.

We have not taken a census of the Brainerd people to know how many are opposed to the idea of public ownership, so we can only venture an opinion. Municipal ownership never was an out and out political issue, not even in Brainerd; it always has been a growing economic necessity recognized, advocated, and promulgated by people of all political parties. Public ownership is more popular than ever, embracing now such enterprises as water, light, heat, ice, steam railways, street railways, telegraph and telephones. It does not appear that public sentiment against municipal ownership of our water works system is in the least a prominent question in Brainerd today.

But why advocate private ownership at all. If any part of Brainerd has had poor service in the past, that is known and the reasons for the defects are known. It is purely a matter of designing. Knowing then the defect and the remedy, vote the bonds and provide the Water & Light board with the money to pay for the required changes and the service will be made adequate not only for one person but for all. A private company can do no differently nor better.

No matter who pays for the new system, be it a private corporation or the city, the cost of the system is charged to the consumer. Why not let your Water & Light board do the charging; why instead invite an outsider to do it? If the consumer pays the expense anyway, what objection can there possibly be in having this extra charge apply on retiring municipal bonds as against retiring the bond of a private corporation.

If it is merely a question of not trying to have too many bonds outstanding against a city, the time to call a halt is when the limit has been reached—which in our case is not now; and even then obstacles ought not to be thrown out against something that concerns the health of the individual. We donate and raise money and do other various things so the farmer will get better cows, calves and pigs; why not spend a larger sum to get good water and develop and preserve human beings.

If the municipal or public ownership, of the operation of the Brainerd waterworks is to be considered a failure, then the Board must state that Brainerd did not acquire an adequate system in the first place when it bought out the Minnesota Water Works Co., and it has been a physical impossibility to render other than inadequate service and deliver rank water. Vote the Bonds. Get something that is right. You'll be satisfied with the quantity and the quality of the water you will get. Remember! This bond issue will NOT increase your taxes.

PEACE FIRST ESSENTIAL

President Wilson's desire and intention to incorporate the league of nations plan with the peace terms is to be regretted if it delays the making of a speedy and just peace, which now seems probable. The people of this country without regard to party desire immediate peace so that the world may at once return to a normal basis, and above all that the American soldiers in Europe be returned to their homes.

But, we also believe that practically all of the American people believe that an effort should be made to bring about a world pact or agreement that will reduce the probability of wars in the future. To this extent they are certainly behind President Wilson and Ex-President Taft

in their effort to form a league of nations for that purpose.

It is also to be hoped that the present constitution will be amended so as to preserve the Monroe Doctrine and state clearly that domestic questions such as immigration, etc., shall at no time be submitted to the league for consideration.

WILL NOT RAISE TAXES

We hope our readers take note of the statement that voting for the Bond Issue does not increase the taxes. It will be planned that the interest on the bonds and the principal itself will be paid from the earnings of the department. Just now the earnings of the department have gone largely to pay for upkeep and repairs and no surplus is accumulating.

WHY YOU SHOULD VOTE WATER WORKS BONDS

A series of articles prepared by the Water & Light Board to explain why new water works are necessary, what is planned to replace the old works, and the suitability of that which is advocated.

IV.

A Vital Question.

What will it cost me, and can I afford it? That is always the vital question, because in municipal affairs we abhor and avoid almost everything that means increasing one's tax bill.

It is our plan that this expense shall not cost you one cent in taxes. Your present plan is run at a considerable loss and always will or would be. The cost of upkeep is too great and it will always grow greater and service grow poorer as the town grows.

The Water & Light board never did affect or increase your tax bill. This department is self-sustaining. If light rates are ever raised, it will be because expenses of running the light department necessarily increase beyond what the expenses are today. If you get good water and plenty of it, you will be willing to pay for it. If fire insurance rates are kept down, and if your doctor bills are reduced because typhoid epidemics are prevented, you will surely be glad to pay the water bill. If meters are installed and you know that you will be permitted to use all the water you want to use, and everybody will be paying for just exactly what he uses, you will be contented to march with the procession. If you can draw good drinking water from the tap in the kitchen, you will be satisfied to pay your city \$12.00 a year instead of to the man driving the water-wagon. All in all, with a proper plant and system, water bills around town will be equalized as they should be. But in all events, there must be a profit each year, just as there is now in the electric department, to accumulate a fund to pay off the water bonds just the same as has been the case with the electric plant bonds for many years back.

Therefore, let us impress upon you firmly and clearly that this is not a taxing proposition. Your taxes will not be increased one cent. That being the case, there is no reason why everybody should not vote in favor of the bond issue.

There will be some who vote against such a measure. They include:

- (1) the man who is always against any improvement;
- (2) the man who is afraid a meter will show all the water he is using;
- (3) the man who knows the policeman is not around and likes to let his water run all night;
- (4) the man who sells spring water for a living.

You can't blame the water peddler, because that is his way of making a living, and it is an honest way, but you can hold the others only in contempt.

WHY TAKE CHANCES?

Editor Dispatch:

Replying to Prof. Wilson's query, "Why Take Chances," would say that in my opinion it is because the Water and Light board feel that they have such a strong case, the necessity for a new water system being so apparent, that they are not afraid to submit the matter to the good judgment of the people, and did not ask for special legislation which effectively bars altogether the general taxpayer from having a voice in the expenditure of two hundred and fifty thousands of the taxpayer's money.

C. A. KRECH.

Suffered for Eight Years

Rheumatic pains, lame back, sore muscles and stiff joints often are due to overworked, weak or disordered kidneys. Daisy Bell, R. F. D. 3, Box 234, Savannah, Ga., writes: "I suffered eight years with pain in the back and could not do any of my work, but since taking Foley Kidney Pills, I can do all of my work." H. P. Dunn.

 Florida Senator Who Helped U. S. Fighters to Collect \$60 Extra Pay



SENATOR PARK TRAMMELL

German Leader Tells Policies

By FRANK J. TAYLOR (United Press Staff Correspondent)

Berlin, Feb. 1 (By Mail)—Germany will convince the world by the policy of her peace conference delegates as well as the governments policy that she is a changed nation, and can be dealt with as such, according to Philip Scheidemann, widely known German statesman.

"The delegation to the peace conference will be truly representative of the new Germany," says Scheidemann. "It will include none of the men who are responsible for the frightful cataclysm of the last four years, nor any who were otherwise contaminated by the practices of the old system."

"It is necessary for us to purge the atmosphere of our own house. Having suffered enough from the old system which brought us to the very edge of perdition, we hope that notwithstanding the heavy burdens which peace will lay upon our shoulders, we shall come out of this war as purified and better men and enter the society of free nations on a footing of equality."

"The foreign policy which we are resolved to pursue will be based exclusively upon pacifism and the League of Nations. We social democrats have always been champions of these ideals, during the long years when we were suppressed. We are glad finally to have a chance to put them into practice."

"We are today the only people in the world that has almost entirely demobilized and disbanded its standing army—the only country that has put the idea of reduction of armaments into practice. Though fully conscious that this may tempt many enemy politicians to do us violence, we confidently believe that such proof of the spirit of international brotherhood will convince the world that it faces a new and entirely changed Germany."

"We hope that the ideals of humanity may now retake their rightful place also beyond our frontiers. We feel to understand why the blockade of starvation, enacted against the German people for the last four years, is still maintained, and we learn with much gratification that America is endeavoring to have it lifted."

"Another thing near to our hearts is the return of prisoners of war. German troops formerly in Turkey are a particularly pitiful case. Strong bolshevik bands prevent them from returning to Germany overland, and are systematically robbing them and trying to get possession of their arms and ammunition for purposes of anarchy and destruction. We still hope the Entente will permit these soldiers to return to Germany by sea before they fall victims to the brutalities of the bolsheviks. Meanwhile I can say we are confident British port commanders will not let our men die of starvation."

Jack of All Trades.

Edinburgh once enjoyed the distinction of possessing the most prolific signboard on record: "John Main, Stationer, Bibles, Testaments, Psalms, Hymns, Prayer Books, Catechisms, Proverbs, Books, new and old, in various branches of literature. Money or exchange for old Books; Papers, Pens, and Ink; Wax and Wafers; Black-boards, Hair and Hair Pencils; Coloured Books, Memorandum Books, Religious Tracts. Books neatly bound, on moderate terms."

Baby Republic Loves America

By FRANK J. TAYLOR (United Press Staff Correspondent.)

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 5. (By Mail)—Bohemia probably is the most pro-Ally country in the world nowadays. At least you have that impression when you arrive in Prague, coming from Berlin. The Czechoslovaks have not been allowed to give vent to their feelings during the four years of the war, when they were dominated by Austria, and they are making up for it now.

Prague is a mass of Allied flags, stuck in every possible corner along the crooked streets and in niches of the quaint buildings. American and the new Czechoslovak republic flags predominate, though there are thousands of English, French and Italian flags. When the Austrian empire finally collapsed, thousands of flags suddenly were brought from hiding many of them printed on paper, since cloth enough was impossible to find.

Every store has two attractions, a picture of President Wilson, and with him President Masaryk, of the new republic. To the Czechoslovaks, they are the greatest men of history, and both are universally admired almost to the extent of worship.

The Czechoslovaks have organized committees to look after foreigners. Some of the most influential university people are serving voluntarily on these committees, and there is nothing they will not do to assist visitors from Allied countries.

Everyone in Czechoslovakia is looking forward to the arrival of the first official missions from other countries. The Italians were the first to cross Austria and break the isolation of this stranded member of the Entente. An American mission under the leadership of Captain Manu, Vodka, bringing a train of trucks loaded with medical supplies and food from Italy, is en route. French and British missions are expected.

The Czechoslovaks manifest their loyalty to the Entente in every way possible. They have undertaken protection of all Allied subjects within the former Hapsburg empire, and assist their traveling and work by means of station officers and representatives in Vienna, Budapest, and other cities.

The spirit of the Czechoslovaks is at high tide and is contagious. Everyone in the land, with the exceptions of the Germans, is jubilant at "freedom after 400 years," as the new-born independence is called. The people of the land have as many privations as other inhabitants of the defeated countries, but joy at being liberated.

German is a language tabooed among the Czechoslovaks, not by decree but by public feeling. Sometimes it works difficulties for foreigners who know no Slav tongue. Go into a restaurant and order your meal in German, and the waiters probably will not understand you at all. You may not be served, unless you explain you are an American, and don't know Bohemian, and therefore must speak German. Then they will talk German and understand it, and will bring you anything they can get. The same is true of shops.

Prague is a very old city with quaint, somewhat oriental passages, the least modern of the large cities in the former central Empires, due, according to the Czechoslovaks, to the deliberate plan of the Austrians to keep the city undeveloped. It is a city of nearly a million, including the inhabitants of the suburbs.

The people are lively and intelligent, mostly dark complexioned and black-eyed. They are independent in spirit and ambitious to make their isolated little country a strong member of the Allies. They keenly appreciate recognition by President Wilson, whom they credit with having put Czechoslovakia on the map.

Many Czechs Were Martyrs in War

By FRANK J. TAYLOR (Staff Correspondent, United Press)

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Feb. 5. (By Mail)—The "passive resistance," as the war time opposition of the Czechoslovak people to the old Austrian-Hungarian government is called, was an exceedingly effective means of fighting the Hapsburgs, as after-the-war revelations show.

Though the Czechoslovaks were suppressed too completely to revolt with force until toward the end of the war, they refused to fight for Austria. Thousands escaped and joined the Russian, Italian, and French armies, and against these countrymen the conscripted Czechoslovaks refused to fight.

They were drafted into the army, and in many cases sent to the front. The first opportunity they surrendered in groups. From Prague an organized system of arranging surrender was conducted. Representa-

tives were sent out to show soldiers at the front how to surrender in groups without being killed.

In a military way the "passive resistance" of the Czechoslovaks was as disastrous to the Austrian army as the enemies' fire, according to officers who had to deal with the Czechoslovaks. The Czechs demoralized any unit they were attached to, and had to be guarded continually.

Hundreds of Czechs refused to answer the Hapsburg call to service, and hid in cellars and in small towns or in the country year in and year out. From time to time they were able to organize resistance to the Austrians but the revolts failed for lack of supplies.

Within the Czechoslovak area the people refused to subscribe to Austrian loans, and hid their money, gold and silver, until they could use it for the new republic. When the Germans and Austrians demanded food, the Czechs hid it. They refused to work in factories used for war material manufacture, and deliberately destroyed war machinery, to help the Allies. Thousands were imprisoned or killed for pro-Ally efforts. There are thousands of martyrs of Czechoslovak "passive resistance."

Prince Invents Labor Saving Letter System

(By United Press)

London, Feb. 20 (By Mail)—Prince Nicholas of Rumania, now attending Eaton, England's famous preparatory school, has solved the problem presented by the necessity of writing that weekly letter home. American boarding school boys might take a tip from him. By adopting the prince's system they will find unnecessary long hours of pencil biting and wearisome concentration on the question of what to write to interest dad and mother.

The prince keeps a daily log of his doings. It is written in duplicate with a sheet of carbon paper. At the end of the week the prince need only tear off two sheets, place them in envelopes and mail them to dad and mother. In his case dad is King Ferdinand I and mother is Queen Marie.

Prince Nicholas, however, in addition to sending the diary sheets, mails frequent letters home.

The prince, who is 15, is democratic and wants to be treated at Eaton just like any other student. He is of sturdy build and is anxious to learn English sports. He speaks English without a trace of accent and is of English descent, since his mother is the granddaughter of the late Queen Victoria and the daughter of the English duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha.

Stopped Cough After Influenza

"Foley's Honey and Tar is the best cough medicine I ever tried," writes E. B. McDowell, R. F. D. 1, Box 119, Arlington, Tenn. "My son had influenza. He had the worst kind of a cough. I tried everything but nothing did any good. God sent me a friend with Foley's Honey and Tar, and in two days his cough was gone." H. P. Dunn.

Dressmaker Doing Her Bit

"Since I was a child, I have suffered with stomach trouble and gastric attacks. Doctors could only give me temporary relief. A lady I sewed for told me of having been cured of similar trouble by taking Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. The first dose proved to me that it would cure me and it has. I am glad to recommend it to other sufferers." It is a simple, harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucus from the intestinal tract and allays the inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded. Johnson's Pharmacy and druggists everywhere.

State of Minnesota, county of Crow Wing, ss, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Frank Thienes, decedent:

The State of Minnesota, to all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent, having filed in this Court her final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with her petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the person thereunto entitled. Therefore, You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this Court at the Probate Court Rooms in the Court House in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of March, 1919, at ten o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 27th day of February, 1919.

(Court Seal) J. T. SANBORN, Judge of Probate
 ALDERMAN & CLARK, Attorneys for Petitioner

Best Theatre

Panama Pictures

TODAY

TOMORROW

TOM MOORE Dorothy Dalton
 IN
 "Go West Young Man"
 :: IN ::
 "Quicksand"

A tenderfoot clamps the lid on vice in a hell-hole of the great west! A beautiful girl helps him! Then the political boss traps the reformer and he's— See Tom Moore in "Go West, Young Man." The fastest moving drama of the season.

COME ON BOYS!

Yes, every one of you. Mothers, fathers and sisters, too! See what life really is for a cabaret girl! See, if it is all gay music, bright lights and sparkling champagne!

ALSO

ALSO

BURTON HOLMES

Sennett Comedy

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ELKS MEETING WAS ENTHUSIASTIC ONE

D. D. McEachin of Hibbing Pays the First Official Visit to Brainerd Lodge No. 615

ELECTION OF OFFICERS HELD

Initiatory Work—Elks Home Committee Reports—Boxing Bout—Lunch is Served

The biggest and most enthusiastic meeting in years was held by Brainerd Lodge of Elks, No. 615, on Thursday evening and was made notable by the presence of District Deputy D. D. McEachin of Hibbing on his first official visit to the lodge. Mr. McEachin made a short address, pungent and witty, and praised the lodge for the spirit shown.

Election of officers resulted as follows:

Exalted Ruler—Fred L. Sanborn.
Esteemed Leading Knight—Herbert L. Peterson.
Esteemed Loyal Knight—John A. Hoffbauer.
Esteemed Lecturing Knight—B. E. Dunham.

Secretary—John J. Cummins.
Treasurer—B. L. Lagerquist.
Trustee for 3 years—A. C. Ebert.
Delegate to National Convention—A. J. Ellison.
Alternate—John J. Cummins.
Delegate to State Convention—Edw. Anderson.

Alternate—C. Arthur Lagerquist.
There was initiatory work and the ritualistic work of the order was exemplified in fine shape.

In the social hour Boilemaker Eli Caron boxed four rounds with Henry Nyquist of the shops. It was a fast bout and pleased the Elks exceedingly.

The Elks home building committee selected to report at this session rendered a voluminous report embodying also experiences of other lodges in building homes. Various sites were suggested. So much was embraced in the report that the lodge as a whole will take further time to consider the propositions involved.

A fine lunch was served under the direction of B. L. Lagerquist, head of the entertainment committee.

New applications for membership were brought in, as they have been at every meeting past.

MORE ARRESTS ARE MADE IN CITY CASE

To Date Three are in Jail and Four Out on Bail in Case Brought by Federal Dept.

INTERFERING WITH ARREST

Aftermath of Indian Agent Contact With Brainerd Crowd Will be Aired in Courts

To date seven arrests have been made as an aftermath of the Indian agent case wherein Special Officer Johnson claims he was interfered with by Brainerd men while making an arrest.

Three are in the county jail, four others were able to secure bail. The hearing before U. S. Court Commissioner W. A. Fleming has been set for Wednesday morning and the law office of the judge will not be large enough to hold the crowd and accordingly it is probable the hearing will take place in the municipal court room.

Several under bail have secured the services of an attorney. The government is taking sufficient interest in the case to send either U. S. District Attorney Jacques or Wm. Anderson to prosecute the cases.

DELCO LIGHT USERS

Many Plants Sold in Town and Countryside by the Woodhead Motor Co. of Brainerd

The measure of success of any article is its wide distribution in town and countryside and the Delco lighting plants sold by John F. Woodhead Co. of Brainerd are favorably commented on by all users and their experience, in short, testifies to the efficiency and dependability of the system.

Here are some Delco light plant users: E. O. Webb, J. C. Barber, F. S. Parker estate, J. M. Elder estate, P. M. Zakariasen, R. J. Potter, Ramsey LaFlame, Philip Betzold, P. B. Anderson, Adolph Anderson, Frank Fredstrom, August Immi, Andrew Erickson, R. T. Sagli, Johnson Bros., Leon Clause.

A Friend Recommended Them

J. N. Tohill, clerk Lottier Hotel, Evansville, Ind., writes: "For six weeks I suffered constantly with pains in the muscles of my thigh. Upon recommendation of a friend, I tried Foley Kidney Pills and began to get relief almost immediately. They stop backache, rheumatic pains, soreness and stiffness. H. F. Dunn."

CHAMBER COMMERCE ROOMS IN DEMAND

Many Organizations Meet There, the Schedule of a Week Show Much Activity There

TEACHERS IN SESSION FRIDAY

Golf Club, Red Cross and Woman's Council of Defense Use Rooms as Meeting Place

As an evidence of the almost constant use to which the Chamber of Commerce rooms and equipment are put, the following schedule of gatherings for the week is significant. Every meeting but one referred to will be held in the Chamber of Commerce rooms and each organization is afforded the courtesies of the club and the assistance of the office force.

Friday, March 7th—County Teachers convention, C. of C. 10 a. m. All day.

Memorial Arch committee 8 p. m. Saturday, March 8th—County Teachers convention, C. of C.

Monday, March 10th—Advisory Board luncheon, Ransford Hotel, 12 noon.

Tuesday, March 11—Golf club meeting, C. of C., 7:30 p. m.

Red Cross Directors 2:30 p. m. Wednesday, March 12th—C. of C. dinner 6:15. Regular meeting 8 p. m.

Thursday, March 13th—Woman's Council of Defense conference, 9:30 to 12 noon.

MRS. MARY JONES CALLED TO REWARD

Pioneer Resident of Crow Wing County Over Forty-three Years, Died Thursday Evening

ACTIVE IN RED CROSS WORK

Funeral Will be Held Saturday Afternoon from the First Congregational Church

Mrs. Mary Jones, age 72, for forty-six years a resident of Crow Wing county, died of the infirmities of old age Thursday evening. She was the wife of John W. Jones, who preceded her by his reward in 1898.

Mrs. Jones with her husband resided in Brainerd many years before going on their farm in Oak Lawn township. Her husband was street commissioner several terms, serving under Mayor A. J. Halsted.

She leaves four boys, Ernest and Tom of Brainerd, John and Lloyd of Oak Lawn; two daughters, Mrs. H. J. Wilson of St. Paul and Miss Reta Jones of Oak Lawn.

She attended the Congregational church. She was born near Wales and the family came to Brainerd in the early seventies. During the late war her knitting needles were busy and she was one of the most active members of the Oak Lawn Red Cross Auxiliary. It lacked but a few days, March 16, when she would have celebrated her 73rd birthday.

The funeral will be held Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the farm home and the cortege of automobiles will proceed to the First Congregational church where Rev. E. A. Allen of St. Paul will officiate at 3:30 P. M. Interment will be in Evergreen cemetery.

Members of the family, surviving of the deceased, said death came on Thursday evening at 7:20 o'clock, after a month's illness caused by pneumonia. She was born in Oswego, England, near the Welsh border on March 16, 1846.

She was married in the old church of her native village June 5, 1876 to John Jones, thus never changing her maiden name, both families having a long line of ancestry of Jones.

They emigrated to America in 1873, coming directly to Brainerd, which has been her home ever since her husband preceded her to the beyond in 1898.

There were born to Mr. and Mrs. Jones nine children of whom four sons and two daughters are living. The three grandchildren are H. Lloyd and Margaret Jones and Mary Jane Wilson.

She also leaves two sisters and two brothers in Wales and one brother in Portland, Ore.

An Improvement.

A young gardener called the other day on a certain financier, who insisted on showing him over his magnificent private house, informing him not only where he purchased every article in it but the price he paid for it. When he had finished he asked his visitor if he could suggest any improvement in the arrangement of the house. "Well," was the reply, "if you were to mark all the goods in plain figures it would save you a good deal of trouble."

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY

PASSAGE OF TAX BILLS IS URGED

Municipalities Urge Passage of Law Giving More Equitable Apportionment of the

RAILWAY GROSS EARNINGS TAX

Forty Representatives of State Municipalities Attend the Tax Committee Hearings

(St. Cloud Journal-Press)
About forty representatives of the State Municipalities throughout the state of Minnesota attended the meeting of the committee to which the bill was referred, providing for the payment by railroad companies of their share of permanent improvements which at the present time are being taken care of by the taxpayers of the different municipalities.

Both of the committees of the House and Senate approved of the bill as set forth and recommended it for passage by both houses. The hearing was held Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 p. m. At 5 o'clock the city officials held a conference at the hotel in St. Paul preliminary to the joint hearing of the committee of the House and of the Senate in the Senate chamber which was held at 8 o'clock in the evening on the bill providing for a division of 25 per cent of the gross earnings tax paid by railroad companies excepting street railways, and the apportionment of said taxes to the taxing district wherein the property of said railroads are located.

Every representative of the different cities and towns of the state was heard on the merits of the bill, which was one of the stormy sessions of the term, as many state officials could not see justice in requesting the passage of the measure, while the city officials were equally strong in their opinion for the passage.

Officials from different parts of the state demanded that this bill be passed, especially where there is railroad property on which the towns are depending on the roads for labor.

The representatives of the municipalities explained to the committees their high tax rates where railroad property was situated and where no incomes were available from taxation to lower the rate. Staples pays on a rate of 102 mills, Proctor 194.5 mills, Rogers 194 mills, Two Harbors 192 mills, Bemidji 161 mills, Stillwater 66 mills, Crookston 66 mills, Brainerd 66 mills, East Grand Forks 83 mills, St. Cloud (Stearns county) 63 mills. Many others were quoted with equally high rates and higher, these rates include state, county, school and city combined. They pointed out that with only 25 per cent distribution these rates could be brought down and made a strong plea for favorable action on the bill. Among the delegates were Mayor Limperich and Commissioner Magnuson of this city. All of the forty municipalities represented had large delegations, some as high as six and seven representatives, which showed the interest that is being taken throughout the state of Minnesota.

All of the municipalities took the stand that while there were some benefits in having the railroad properties, that the expenses to which the cities were put to, in providing police and fire protection, hospital care for injured ones and all of the other benefits that are provided including sewers, electric lights and so forth, that a great injustice was being done to these centers when in most of the states of the union the taxes are based on the ad valorem basis.

Every representative went back home with determination to get busy in every way possible to have these bills passed which mean so much to the people of these communities.

The joint committee informed the city officials that they were to have another hearing on the bill which is S. F. No. 79 and H. F. No. 348. The hearing Tuesday evening lasted until nearly midnight.

BRAINERD'S ODDEST STORIES OF TODAY

Elks Thursday evening had an awful time finding the door knob on the front door leading to their hall. Long ago the knob fell off and for a time a six penny nail offered surface to gain a grip on the machinery to open the door. Last night, however, the nail had fallen out and all the knob left was a bit of smooth iron about as big as a lead pencil.

NOTICE

The members of the Alpha Chapter No. 23, O. E. S., will meet at the Masonic hall at 1:15 P. M. Saturday to attend the funeral of our late sister Mrs. Betty Hagberg.

FANNY FORSBERG, Worthy Matron.

JUDGE McCLENAHAN'S OPINION IN FULL

Federal and Not State Courts Should Hear Cases Involving Infractions of Liquor Laws

IN INDIAN TREATY COUNTRY

Brainerd Decision Hinges on Supreme Court Decision Made in the Bagley Case

Below, the Dispatch gives in full the decision of Judge W. S. McClenahan of the district court, which follows the dicta of the State Supreme court as expressed in the so-called Bagley case and resolves itself, in short, that federal and not state courts shall hear and impose punishment in liquor law infractions in this Indian treaty country of 1855.

State of Minnesota, County of Crow Wing, District Court, 15th Judicial District.
Plaintiff,
vs.
Obert Doberyevich and Rud Lukich, Defendants.

The defendants were indicted for keeping an unlicensed drinking place in the Village of Ironton in April, 1918, and were found guilty by a jury. Before sentence was imposed their counsel objected thereto on the ground that the alleged offence having been committed in the Indian Country this court was without jurisdiction in the premises.

The question this presented is the authority of the state to prosecute cases under its statute relating to the sale of intoxicating liquors in cities, villages and boroughs when such municipalities are within the territory covered by the treaty of 1855 between the federal government and the Chippewa Indians.

The case of Minneapolis Brewing Co. v. Village of Bagley, decided February 7, 1919, by the supreme court of this state and not yet reported, holds that the provisions of the state statutes relative to licensing the sale of intoxicating liquors have no force or effect in the territory covered by and included in that treaty, that such treaty and its various stipulations are paramount and superior to the state laws within that territory, and that the last named laws, in so far as they provide for licensing the sale of intoxicating liquors, have no operative force or effect in the treaty territory, so that the sale of such liquors therein has been unlawful since the ratification of the treaty referred to. The Bagley case did not arise out of a criminal prosecution, but had to do with the authority of state municipalities to order a repayment of unearned portions of license fees upon the happening of an adverse local option election. In any judgment, however, that case is decisive of the question whether a prosecution will lie for selling intoxicating liquors without a license in the treaty territory, for keeping an unlicensed drinking place therein, or for any other statutory offence based upon the assumed right of the state to require a license to be secured before undertaking to sell intoxicating liquors in such territory. It is now settled that the licensing feature of these state laws is nullity in the district referred to, and that a liquor license, to that extent, can afford no protection to its holder. Can the state say to such a person that he shall be punished for being without the protection of a license when no such protection is possible because of a paramount law? These offences do not arise from violations of prohibitory laws; the state has not said, as to them, "you shall not sell at all," but only "you shall not sell under the protection of a license." It has not said "you will be punished if you sell," but "you will be punished if you sell without a license." See 3109, G. S. 1913, was the original enacting clause which defined the several offences and provided for their punishment, by making the sale of any intoxicating liquors by any person, except as stated therein, a misdemeanor, and fixing the minimum punishment. State v. Schmidt, 111 Minn., 180. By Chapter 147, Laws 1915, and Chapter 32, Laws 1917, a clear distinction was made between a licensing law and a prohibitory law. Cities, villages and boroughs were thereby classified as within the qualified interdiction of the former, while every part of the state outside of such corporate limits was brought within the absolute mandate of the latter. The prohibitory feature of the 1917 statute would not seem to be out of harmony with the treaty of 1855, in fact, it appears to be the only law penalizing sales of liquor within the territory covered by that treaty to persons other than Indians. See 2139, Rev. Stat. U. S. does not prohibit such sales in general, though perhaps the act of June 30, 1834, in force when the treaty was made, did. See Johnson v. Gearlds, 234 U. S. 422, 58 L. ed. 1284, 1289. The Bagley case holds that all sales of liquor in the territory in question have been unlawful since February 22, 1855. But whatever may be the situation in this regard as to those portions of the state outside of cities, villages and boroughs; but within the treaty area, the statutes as to the portions of the state inside of such corporate limits and the treaty area remain the same, in effect, as before the 1917 amendment. They purport to provide that two classes only, pharmacists and persons to whom licenses may be granted, may sell intoxicating liquors, and that any person who does not bring himself within one or the other of those classes violates the law if he sells such liquors to any person under any circumstances. State v. Schmidt, supra. Eliminate Sec. 3113, G. S. 1913, which authorizes the granting of licenses, and the

Capes, Dolmans, Coats The Garments for Spring Ours Are Ready For You

The new Dolmans and capes offer something entirely different in woman's outer garments for Spring. These are very welcome after several seasons in which the styles were very much alike.

For those wishing something less of a novelty we are showing some very clever coats. See them at once.

Our Store Closes at 5:30
Except Saturdays and Payday

H. F. Michael Co.

Exhibition of Drapes, Curtains and Oriental Rugs

We have arranged to have a representative of one of the largest factories in America at our store early in April with a complete and up-to-date showing of Drapes, Drape Material, Lace Curtains, Curtain Material, and Large and Small Oriental Rugs. It is financially impossible for us to carry in stock such a display as he will show and we trust our efforts in offering to our customers the opportunity of selecting here at home from a stock to be found only in the biggest cities, will be appreciated. We ask that you delay your purchases in these lines until you can see our exhibition.

CLARK'S

Brainerd's Biggest Store

Iron Exchange Bldg.

LITTLE FALLS BUSINESS COLLEGE It's The School For You

It's the School For You because it offers you everything the "big city" schools offer and that at moderate cost. You pay by the month for the actual time you attend. You can start your course this year and finish next year. You will have the best of everything with which to work. You can enter at any time. School is in session all year. Send for free catalog. We stand back of all our advertising.

Ads in the DISPATCH Mean Business

(Continued on page 6)

Dispatch Want Ads

PRICE—One cent a word. If paid in advance one-half cent a word for subsequent insertions.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Orderly at St. Joseph's hospital. 6057-2321f

WE HAVE acquired exclusive state rights for various fast selling auto, farm and home articles and want local men to become our agents. No experience necessary. This is a real opportunity to establish yourself in a permanent business. Write today for particulars. Consolidated Selling Agency, 20 Hennepin Ave., Minneapolis, Minn. 6060-2313f

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Two houses. Inquire 408 S. 6th St. 3525-2031f

FOR RENT—Furnished room, 722 South Broadway. 6062-2316p

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms, 1011 Kingwood. Phone 496-L. 6058-2331f

FOR RENT—Furnished room on first floor. Suitable for one or two gentlemen. 307 S. 7th. 6061-2331f

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms suitable for two gentlemen. 220 No. Broadway. 6036-2291f

WANTED TO RENT—Brick house by two adults. A good house. Telephone 227-M-2. 6062-2316p

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—One cupboard, 307 S. 7th St. 6062-2331f

FOR SALE—House and five acres, also some 2 1/2 tracts. East Oak street, Sec. 29, S. Allston, Humbert, Minn. 6003-2291f

FOR SALE—Continued

FOR SALE—Five room cottage, big sleeping porch, good garage. Phone 1189-W, 1720 Laurel St. 6064-2341f

FOR SALE—My residence property at 404 4th Ave. N. E. Terms to suit purchaser. J. P. Prosser, Phone 723-W. 6055-2311f

FOR SALE—All modern six room house. Easy payments, 704 Norwood street. Inquire 319 No. 7th St. 6039-2291f

IMPROVED FARM FOR SALE—317 acres, 260 under cultivation. House, barn, well, etc. Near Sylvan station. J. B. Pehrson, 815 So. 7th St. Brainerd, Minn. 6031-2291f

FOR SALE—Buick truck. First class in every detail. Cash or terms. Woodhead Motor Co. 6005-2331f

FOR SALE—New modern five room bungalow. Call at 102 Kingwood after 4 p. m. 6043-2301f

FOR SALE—Furnished home, all new, five rooms, gas electric lights and city water, 509 4th Ave. N. E. Phone 947-L. 6042-2331f

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED TO RENT—A good house by two adults. Phone 227-M-2. 6062-2316p

LOST—Number of five dollar bills folded, between postoffice and 602 3rd Ave. N. E. Liberal reward. Phone 598-J. 6056-2311f

WANTED—Three rooms, preferred furnished, for light housekeeping by young couple. No children. Address "R" % Dispatch. 6063-2331f

TEUTON TROOPS JOIN SOCIALISTS

Volunteers and Militia, After Supporting Government, Go Over to Spartacans.

MANY KILLED IN BERLIN

Von Hindenburg Declares Plans of Allies to Give "German Inheritance" to Poland Will Be Blasted.

Berlin, March 7.—The German cabinet, in an effort to end the revolution—the crisis of which has not been passed—has agreed to constitutional recognition of the soviets as economic controllers of labor and production, it was announced in official dispatches from Weimar. A concession was also made for immediate extensive socialization of industries.

Berlin, March 7.—A portion of the republican militia and the volunteer marine division, which have been supporting the government, have gone over to the Spartacans.

Berlin, March 7.—The military situation on the eastern front is painted in blackest colors by Field Marshal von Hindenburg in an interview printed here. He declares that unless the population generally rallies to the defense of their homes and families it will be impossible to ward off attacks by bolshevik hordes.

"The expectations of the Poles and the Entente that the Poles will succeed to the German inheritance in the east will be blasted," he says. "I know the Poles and the country in the east will belong either to us or to the bolsheviks."

Spartacan Failures Claimed.
The strike situation in central Germany is unchanged and a renewed effort by the Spartacans to secure the proclamation of a general strike at Dresden and Magdeburg has failed.

Normal conditions have been restored at Halle, where the railway station was found stocked with supplies of food, clothing and other commodities which had been commandeered by the Spartacans. At Leipzig the general strike of citizens as a counter action against the industrial walkout is still going on and threatens to complicate the situation.

Berlin Battling Ended by Truce.

Copenhagen, March 7.—Both the Spartacans and the government forces lost a large number killed in fighting before police headquarters in the Alexander Platz, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Politiken. The fighting finally was ended by negotiation.

An account of the fighting given in a Berlin telegram says that the crowds before the police headquarters in Alexander Platz assumed a threatening character so that the square had to be continually cleared by government troops.

Early in the afternoon the Spartacans made an effort to smash the door of the headquarters by using hand grenades. This attack was accom-

panied by general firing against the building from surrounding houses and streets, the government troops replying from the headquarters. About 80 civilians and sailors tried to storm a building in a side street where the government had stationed artillery, but were repulsed.

WILSON MAY CHANGE MIND

Railroad Men Anxious for Special Session of Congress.

Washington, March 7.—There is a lurking hope among some members of congress still in Washington that the extra session may yet be called before the President's return, they said. Those who expressed this hope based it on what they called the frantic state of mind of railroad men, left in the lurch by the senate's failure to provide the \$750,000,000 badly needed by the Railroad administration.

HOG PRICES BEGIN TO RISE

Quick Action Follows Removal of All Restrictions.

Chicago, March 7.—As a result of the removal of a minimum hog price by the Food administration, the long hog market closed on a strong basis, best selling at \$18.60, or a 5-cent advance, and the highest since Nov. 6, last.

BOXING BILL BECOMES LAW

Nevada Legislature Passes Measure Over Governor's Veto.

Carson City, Nev., March 7.—By a vote of 11 to 4 the state senate passed the 25-round boxing bill over the veto of Governor Boyle and it now becomes a law. The assembly passed the bill over the governor's veto last week.

Kill Two Polish Officers.

Warsaw, March 7.—Two Polish officers were killed when the Ukrainians fired on the train bearing the Inter-Allied commission to Poland after its departure from Lemberg. The officers had boarded the train by mistake.

Hal Chase Signs Contract.

New York, March 7.—The New York National league baseball club announced that Hal Chase had signed a contract to play with the Giants at first base this season.

It Depends.

Whether a woman is good-looking depends largely on whether you are speaking of her face or to her face.—Wilmington News.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

JUDGE MCLENANAHAN'S OPINION IN FULL

(Continued from page 5)

possibility, seems illogical, to say the least.

In State v. Hanley, 25 Minn. 429, the defendant was indicted for selling liquor without a license in the village of Kasson. The sale was admitted as charged and it was stipulated that the legal voters of Kasson had voted against granting licenses. The court found the defendant guilty and he appealed. The statute pursuant to which the vote was taken provided for punishing any person selling such liquor, for other than medicinal purposes, after the legal voters of a village had determined that no license should be granted. The supreme court held that, in such case, a sale of liquor in such a village would constitute the offense of selling after the vote against license, and that the seller would not then be liable under the general law for selling without having obtained a license from the county board, and very significantly observed that "when a person sell liquor (for other than medicinal purposes) in the village of Kasson, where no license to so sell can be obtained by anybody under any circumstances, there is a manifest incongruity in charging him with the offense of selling without a license. There can be no such offense, in the village of Kasson, as selling without a license, for other than medicinal purposes. A sale in such village, is the offense of selling after a vote against license, and the offense should be described accordingly" and not under the general law for selling without a license. There the defendant had no license to sell liquors, but neither could he obtain one, and because of such inability, there was "a manifest incongruity in charging him with the offense of selling without a license." So here, no license to sell can be obtained by any one under any circumstances, in the treaty territory, and the incongruity in charging these offences is just as manifest. In the Hanley case the court stated that the defendant was not liable under the general law, because that had reference only to sales by persons who were permitted to apply for license, and to whom license might be granted; that statement was considered unsatisfactory in State v. Langdon, 31 Minn., 316, but the earlier case was otherwise expressly approved. The only difference between the situation presented in the Hanley case and that presented here is that in the former the general law became imperative locally when a special law took its place, while here the state licensing laws never became legally operative in the territory in question—that have always been unconscious canonage.

The Langdon case was twice before the supreme court (29 Minn., 393, 31 Minn., 316), and it was held that within the village of Worthington the statutes had created two offences and prescribed a different punishment for each, one of which consisted in a sale without a license under the general law, irrespective of the purpose for which the sale was made, and the other in a sale as a beverage under the village charter, in which case the prohibition was absolute "and the statute relating to licensing had no application to such a case." In the case at bar the prohibition is absolute because of the treaty and the statute relating to licensing has no application.

State v. antler, 33 Minn., 69, is not in point here. That case called for the consideration of an ordinance of the City of Minneapolis, enacted pursuant to legislative authority to license and regulate all persons vending intoxicating liquors, and to restrain any person from so vending, unless duly licensed by the city council. The ordinance in question provided that no person should sell intoxicating liquors within the city without a license, and was, to that extent, within the authority granted, but it also contained a section the purpose of which was to confine the traffic, even by licensees, to a defined district of the city; this section was declared unconstitutional (In re Wilson, 32 Minn., 145), in that it delegated to the mayor the duty of designating the districts within which sales might be made, to be known as "active patrol districts." It was held, however, that because this purpose of local restriction failed of accomplishment it did not follow that the remaining portion of the ordinance should not be enforced. That portion was held to be distinct, absolute, unqualified and in no manner dependent upon the provisions with respect to local restriction. In the last analysis, that ordinance was construed to be one prohibiting sales of intoxicating liquors anywhere within the city without a license, and therefore a valid exercise of the power granted by the legislature.

It must be kept in mind here, moreover, that this is not a case involving the election to prosecute under one of the several state laws that may be applicable to a given state of facts. The state must be conceded to have the power so to legislate that an offender's conduct will be found to violate more than one statute, and he may then be proceeded against for any crime that can be carved out of his conduct. State v. Holt, 69 Minn., 423. But such instances necessarily presuppose the right of the state to brand the conduct in question as a crime. So too, a single statute may be broad enough to cover, for instance, positions of the state not affected by a local option law and also other portions that are so affected (State v. Fonk, 27 Minn., 318), because of the right of the legislature to declare that a sale and the want of a license shall constitute the crime. Why the seller did not, in such case, obtain a license, or why the authorities did not grant one, is immaterial, because the state, having the power to grant licenses, has also the power, and has exercised it, to withhold them as to certain areas, and it is then no less a crime to sell without a license which the state refuses to grant than it is to sell without one which the state is willing to grant but has not been asked to grant. But, in the instant case, the

He Upset Fingerprint Experts by Having Five Fingers and a Thumb on Each Hand



GERARDO GUILIANO

By all the rules and regulations a fingerprint expert deals with hands which have four fingers and one thumb. Imagine the upheaval at New York City's police headquarters when in came Gerardo Guiliano, ac-

cused of being a pickpocket and stealing a wrist watch. He has five perfect fingers and a thumb on each hand. He also has six toes on each foot but that isn't worrying the fingerprint experts.

power to license never existed, and therefore the effort to make the want of a license an element of a crime was wholly arbitrary—the possession of a license would in no way change the situation, because of the operation of the paramount treaty. Minneapolis Brewing Co. v. Village of Bagley, supra.

The note under the case of Barnes v. State, L. R. A. 1915 C. 101, is not without relevancy here. It is there stated (p. 105) that, "generally speaking, after the selling of intoxicating liquor has been prohibited in a district, under a constitutional provision for local option, general laws taxing or licensing the selling of such liquor are not in force within such district." In the case of Butler v. State, 2 Fla., 347, 6 So. 67, cited and quoted from in the note just referred to, the court observed: "It cannot be that a person can be indicted for not having obtained a license the issue of which in the territory of the alleged offence is interdicted by the operation of a constitutional provision." See also note to

Commonwealth v. Barbour, 3 L. R. A. N. S. 620. The treaty of 1855 left no place for subsequent conflicting state laws (Do Geoffrey v. Riggs, 133 U. S. 258, 33 L. ed., 642) and the same principle applies.

In my judgment, no such crime as keeping an unlicensed drinking place can be committed in any village within the treaty territory, and therefore these defendants cannot be punished for that offence.

Brown Grid Star Dies in France.
Boston, March 7.—Lieut. David Henry, captain of the 1913 Brown university football eleven, died of pneumonia in a hospital in France Feb. 14, according to a notice from the War department received by his parents.

Water Polo Meet March 18.
Chicago, March 7.—The National A. A. U. water polo championship awarded to the Great Lakes Navy Training station, will be decided on March 18, it was announced.

SITUATION IN RUSSIA

Raymond Robins Appears Before Senate Committee.

Red Cross Worker Advocates Sending Economic Mission to Combat Anarchy.

Washington, March 7.—Raymond Robins of Chicago, former head of the American Red Cross mission to Russia, told the senate investigating committee that there was a fundamental menace for the world in Russian Bolshevism and suggested means for combating its spread.

The witness said a year ago, Nicholas Lenin, Bolshevik premier, had correctly forecast how Bolshevist ideas would take root in Bulgaria, Austria and Germany in the order named.

Mr. Robins quoted Lenin as declaring that in his opinion the American government was entirely corrupt, and as adding: "We challenge every government. We may be overwhelmed, but at the same time we will destroy all moribund political governments."

Unceasing opposition to the principles of Bolshevism, both in Russia and in the United States, was advocated by Mr. Robins, but he warned against the use of military force and the arbitrary suppression of ideas.

The witness said the United States should send an economic mission to Russia to aid the people in obtaining the necessities of life, declaring this would be the most effective way of fighting Bolshevism.

ASSIGN MAJOR COMMITTEES

Republicans Hold in Abyeance Selection of Floor Leader.

Washington, March 7.—With every important committee chairmanship settled, Republican leaders composing the committee on committees completed the broad foundation of the house organization for the next congress, but held in abeyance selection of the floor leader, whip and steering committee.

Among the important chairmanships determined were: Banking and currency, Platt of New York; Public lands, Sinnott, Oregon; Education, Fess, Ohio; Insular affairs, Towner, Iowa; Public buildings, Langley, Kentucky; Immigration, Johnson, Washington; Indian affairs, Snyder, New York; Territories, Curry, California.

Comforting Thought.

You may fail to shine in the opinion of others, both in your conversation and actions, from being superior as well as inferior to them.

ACID IN STOMACH SOURS THE FOOD

Says Excess of Hydrochloric Acid is Cause of Indigestion.

A well-known authority states that stomach trouble and indigestion are nearly always due to acidity—acid stomach—and not, as most folks believe, from a lack of digestive juices. He states that an excess of hydrochloric acid in the stomach retards digestion and starts food fermentation, then our meals sour like garbage in a can, forming acrid fluids and gases which inflate the stomach like a toy balloon. We then get that heavy, lumpy feeling in the chest, we eructate sour food, belch gas, or have heartburn, flatulence, water-brash, or nausea.

He tells us to lay aside all digestive aids and instead, get from any pharmacy four ounces of Jad Salts and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast while it is effervescent, and furthermore, to continue this for one week. While relief follows the first dose, it is important to neutralize the acidity, remove the gas-making mass, start the liver, stimulate the kidneys and thus promote a free flow of pure digestive juices.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and sodium phosphate. This harmless salts is used by thousands of people for stomach trouble with excellent results.

BETTER THAN CALOMEL

Thousands Have Discovered Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a Harmless Substitute.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—the substitute for calomel—are a mild but sure laxative, and their effect on the liver is almost instantaneous. They are the result of Dr. Edwards' determination not to treat liver and bowel complaints with calomel. His efforts to banish it brought out these little olive-colored tablets.

These pleasant little tablets do the good that calomel does, but have no bad after effects. They don't injure the teeth like strong liquids or calomel. They take hold of the trouble and quickly correct it. Why cure the liver at the expense of the teeth? Calomel sometimes plays havoc with the gums. So do strong liquids. It is best not to take calomel, but to let Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets take its place.

Most headaches, "dullness" and that lazy feeling come from constipation and a disordered liver. Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets when you feel "lousy" and "heavy." Note how they "clear" clouded brain and how they "perk up" the spirits. 10c and 25c a box. All druggists.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY

WHO DOES THE BUYING FOR YOUR FAMILY?

There is someone in your family who has a big responsibility.

Food to buy for the table; clothes for the children and grown-ups; new household utensils, linen, furniture, books and all the hundred and one little things for which the family income is spent.

In most families, one person does the bulk of the buying. And it is that person's job to see that the money is well spent—that you all get full value for every cent that goes out.

The success of a family depends on wise buying just as the success of a business does.

Wise buying means intelligent buying. It is necessary to have knowledge of goods and stores.

The best way to get this knowledge is by reading advertisements. They tell you what is new and good. They tell you where and when to buy to advantage.

Not only the person who does the buying but every member of the family should read advertisements. It is the duty of all the others to help the one who does the buying by pointing out advertisements of new goods and giving all the information possible as to tastes and styles and values.

Advertisements are published for your benefit. Make use of them by reading them.